

Two to One!

The POST-DISPATCH sells, in St. Louis and suburbs every day, in round figures, TWICE as many newspapers as the Globe-Democrat.

By Jean Knott

VOL. 70. NO. 333.

## ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

The Only Evening Paper in St. Louis With the Associated Press News Service

ST. LOUIS, TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 23, 1918—22 PAGES.

NIGHT  
EDITION

PRICE TWO CENTS

AMERICANS CAPTURE JAULGONNE AND 300 PRISONERS  
Fresh U. S. and Allied Troops in Vanguard of Battle LineMRS. BUTLER LEFT  
\$1,000,000 TO  
GIRLS' COLLEGETobacco Magnate's Widow  
Had \$2,000,000 Estate—  
Husband Gave Linden-  
wood \$350,000 Also.TRUST AGREEMENTS  
ARE PERPETUATEDOther Bequests to State Blind  
School, Bethesda Home,  
Children's Hospital and  
Girl's Industrial Home.Bequests of approximately \$1,000,  
000 to Lindenwood College, a school  
for young women at St. Charles, Mo.,  
were made in the will of Mrs. Mar-  
garet L. Butler, who died last Tues-  
day at her home, 4485 West Pine  
boulevard. She was the widow of  
James Gay Butler, tobacco manufac-  
turer and philanthropist, who by gift  
and through his will gave \$350,000 to  
the same college.Mrs. Butler's estate is valued at  
more than \$2,000,000. After making  
bequests to relatives and charitable  
institutions, she bequeathed 12-25 of  
the residue to Lindenwood College,  
which also is made the ultimate be-  
neficiary of other bequests. The esti-  
mate that the college would receive  
at least \$1,000,000 was made by  
Thomas C. Hennings, vice president of  
the Mercantile Trust Co., which is  
named as executor of the estate, and  
by Dr. John R. Roemer, president of  
the college.

## Bequests to Relatives.

The direct bequests are \$10,000 to  
James Gay Butler Couse, a minor, of  
Butte, Mont., to be held in trust until  
he is 25 years old; \$100 each to Mar-  
garet Jane L. Christman of Kammer-  
er, Wyo., and Fannie Lizzie Harve-  
y of Utica, Mich., nieces, and Alexan-  
der Leggat of Butte, Mont., a  
nephew; \$100 a year for life to Mar-  
tha D. Hunter, a nurse, and \$100 out-  
right to Nellie Bly, servant.The will also perpetuates a trust  
agreement signed March 17, 1917, in  
which Mrs. Butler gave the income  
from \$250,000 to Lindenwood Col-  
lege, the income from \$100,000 to the  
second Presbyterian Church, the in-  
come from \$25,000 to Alexander Leg-  
gat and the income from \$15,000 to  
James Gay Butler Couse.The will also contains a trust agree-  
ment of Sept. 7, 1916, under which  
Mrs. Butler set aside certain stocks  
which would provide the income  
from \$150,000 each to Nellie B.  
Blythe, a niece, and Rod R. Leg-  
gat, a nephew, and the income from  
\$40,000 each to the Bethesda Home  
and the Missouri Association for the  
Blind. The will provides that these  
incomes shall be for life. At the  
death of the nephew and niece or at  
the dissolution of the Bethesda Home  
or the Association for the Blind the  
bequest goes to Lindenwood College.

\$6000 a Year for Roemer.

In this agreement also it was pro-  
vided that a salary of \$6000 a year  
should be paid to John R. Roemer  
so long as he should serve as presi-  
dent of the college. At the termina-  
tion of that relation it reverts to the  
college.After making these bequests and  
perpetuations of trusts the will pro-  
vides that the residue of the estate  
shall be divided as follows:Three twenty-fifths each to The  
Home of the Friendless, St. Louis  
Children's Hospital, Provident Asso-  
ciation and Girls' Industrial Home,  
and one twenty-fifth each to the See-  
and Presbyterian Church and to the  
Woman's Christian Temperance  
Union, for its memorial home.The Mercantile Trust Co. is execu-  
tor and trustee under the will. Mr.  
and Mrs. Butler had no children.5 CHILDREN ARE BURNED TO  
DEATH IN JUVENILE HOME FIREOne Other Probably Fatally Hurt  
and Seven Others Less Seriously,  
Near Grand Rapids, Mich.By the Associated Press  
GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., July 23.Five children ranging in age from  
2 to 12 years were burned to death,  
one other received probably fatal in-  
juries and seven were less seriously  
hurt in a fire which destroyed the  
Kent County Juvenile Home, just out-  
side the city limits, early today.List your vacant rooms in the Post-  
dispatch Big Boarders' Directory.  
Those persons who rent rooms are  
looking for them.Enemy Losses Since Drive  
Began Nearly 1,000,000,  
Says Clemenceau Paper

By the Associated Press.

PARIS, July 23.—According to a review of  
the military situation in *L'Homme Libre*, the news-  
paper owned by Premier Clemenceau, the German losses since  
March 21 are approaching 1,000,000 men.COUNTRY IS PROUD OF YOU,  
PERSHING TELLS WOUNDED

By the Associated Press.

PARIS, July 23.—"Your country is  
proud of you and I am more than  
proud to command such men as you.  
You have fought splendidly."Gen. Pershing thus addressed  
wounded American soldiers lying in  
the American Red Cross hospitals in  
Paris yesterday. In each ward of  
every hospital he talked to the men.  
He inquired if they were being well  
cared for, how and where they were  
wounded and what rewards they were  
longed to and expressed his sympathy  
to scores of patients.Gen. Pershing also talked to the  
physicians, surgeons and nurses and  
thanked them for the work they were  
doing in caring for the wounded.  
"No one can ask more of any fight-  
ing force than that they should do  
as well as you have done," the Gen-  
eral said to his troops. He added  
that he wished he could talk per-  
sonally with each and every man in  
the hospital, but this was impossible.  
It could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-  
ing of the Lusitania and the inva-  
sion of Belgium were justified.He could obtain citizenship, under  
law passed last May, which pro-  
vides that enemy aliens may procure  
final citizenship papers filed by  
Erick von Fursch, to find that it was  
accompanied by an affidavit in  
which he declared he would be un-  
willing to fight for the United States  
against Germany, and that the sink-<br

# AMERICAN SHARPSHOOTERS BRING DOWN ENEMY AIRPLANES WITH RIFLES

Villeneuve the same day. Our aviators brought down nine enemy machines.

Eastern theater, July 21.—There was reciprocal artillery activity on the River Struma, west of the Vardar to Strka di Legen and in the Serbian sector. On the Struma a Greek reconnoitering party dispersed a Bulgarian detachment and brought back six prisoners. North of the Devoli our troops captured Austrian positions on the River Holtza and took 100 prisoners, three of the officers, and six machine guns. Aligned aviators carried out several bombardments in the region of Seres and Pogradec. "Americans Expect Heavy Attacks on the Aisne-Marne Front."

By the Associated Press.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE AISNE-MARNE FRONT, July 22.—Overnight information does not indicate any radical change in the situation along the battle front. The prospects seemed to be that today would be another of heavy attacks and counter-attacks, with not more than slight changes in the line. The troops of Gen. Pershing and Gen. Petain are holding every inch of ground they have gained since the counter blow began on Thursday last.

The Franco-American forces north of Chateau-Thierry now are holding Epiels and nearby villages, and a bit of territory northeast of Mont St. Pre. Further east the enemy is continuing to counter attack unsuccessfully.

Along the greater part of the front the artillerists were the chief active, although at places brilliant infantry operations are taking place, while machine gun nests make every open field a potential trap.

The number of prisoners has been increased by thousands, and a veritable mountain of captured and abandoned material is in possession of the allies. Many of the guns taken had been blown up or damaged by the enemy before he abandoned them.

The British efforts along the line near Rheims have been rewarded by a bag of prisoners and machine guns.

German resistance resulted in harder fighting yesterday. The operations were robbed of some of their spectacular features as the day advanced by the determination of the enemy not to be crowded into a retreat.

South of Soissons the allied troops maintain all positions as they were Sunday night except in some cases where they have been improved slightly. The allied positions, however, are in no apparent danger from attacks by German reserves.

In the area north of Chateau-

Thierry the enemy is reported by observers to be still moving northward, but very slowly, and fighting rear guard actions all the while. The French hard Americans are hanging close to the heels of the retiring Germans and are taking every opportunity to move forward. Army headquarters moves ahead bit by bit as the line advances.

Enemy airplanes have been active on observation work, but the shells fired by the German artillery in an attempt to search out the allied rear indicate that the airmen failed to spot the allied positions. Many shells have dropped along the Marne at irregular intervals and little danger has resulted.

Throughout the day (Monday) the heavy guns of the allies bombarded the enemy lines with excellent results, according to aerial lookouts. Over all the territory retaken the damage wrought by American and French guns shows that the positions formerly held by the Germans suffered much more than the allied lines, notwithstanding that the volume of the fire from the Germans was greater.

Further large numbers of prisoners were taken from the Germans yesterday (Sunday).

**"COMPLETE SUCCESS,"** BERLIN'S CLAIM AS TO SUNDAY'S BATTLE

Declares in Official Statement That All Allied Attacks Were Repulsed.

By the Associated Press.

BERLIN, via London, July 22 (Monday).—The War Office claims that the fighting in France on Sunday resulted in a "complete success" for the German arms.

The official statement issued today describes numerous heavy operations on all parts of the salient between Soissons and Rheims, and declares that all assaults of the allied forces were repulsed.

The statement reads:

"Yesterday's fighting again resulted in a complete success for the German arms. Between the Aisne and southwest of Hartennes in the early morning the strongest drum fire preceded enemy infantry attacks. Southwest of Soissons and southwest of Hartennes these attacks broke down in front of our lines.

"North of Villeneuve some of the enemy pushed forward temporarily over the Soissons-Chateau-Thierry road. Our counter attack completely threw them back again. Villeneuve and Tigny were also foci of a battle which our counter attack brought to a favorable conclusion.

"In the evening renewed enemy attacks southwest of Soissons were checked at the starting point. Where they were carried out at all they broke down with heavy losses.

"On both sides of the Ourcq River in the forenoon, the enemy frequently, but in vain, advanced against our lines. After bringing up fresh forces he returned to the attack in the after-

noon. After heavy fighting the enemy's assault on both sides of Oulchy-Le-Chateau was defeated by our counter attacks.

"North and northeast of Chateau-Thierry our detachments which had been left in the forefield hindered the approach of the enemy to our new lines. It was not until evening that he succeeded in launching strong attacks here, which broke down with heavy losses to the enemy.

"There has been artillery activity on the Marne front. Between the Marne and the Ardre the British and French continued the attacks; these were sanguinously repulsed.

"A successful attack has been made on the enemy's lines near the Aisne River."

The official communication issued by the War Office this (Monday) evening says:

"Quiet reigns at many places on the battle front between the Aisne and the Marne. There have been local engagements south of the Ourcq."

**British Make Advances in Local Operations.**

By the Associated Press.

LONDON, July 23.—Advances in local operations were scored by the British last night, today's War Office report shows. The line was pushed forward slightly south of the Ourcq, on the front between Arras and Albert, and south of Meulus and Meteren, on the Flanders front. The British positions also were improved in the Hameau sector and north of Albert.

The German artillery showed considerable activity last night with gas shells in the Villers-Bretonneux sector east of Amiens, the War Office announced today.

The statement reads:

"Yesterday our line was advanced slightly south of Bapaume and south of Merriss and Meteren. Last night our positions in the Hemmel sector, north of Albert, were also improved. Our troops carried out successful raids last night in the neighborhood of Abbeville, Ayette, Oppy, Avion and Lannoy and brought back several prisoners and machine guns.

"Additional prisoners and machine guns also were captured by us in the vicinity of Merris as the result of a raid encountered in the course of which we captured that some 50 Germans were killed.

"Hostile artillery has shown considerable activity with gas shells in the Villers-Bretonneux sector."

"Our own and the enemy's artillery were active in the Dickebusch sector."

Hard fighting is proceeding in all sectors of the line from Soissons to Rheims, according to dispatches reaching London yesterday afternoon, but always with the allies on the offensive and the Germans fighting desperately to save what they can before the onrush.

The French gathered up 45 more guns, including six of large caliber, in the fighting along the Marne, where the Germans were compelled to retreat very hastily, leaving behind large quantities of material of all kinds.

Although the Germans are fighting hard along the bottom of the salient, there is indication that they realize that a retreat is inevitable, for they are burning villages several miles behind their lines, and there is a great congestion of troops around the top of the salient, which may indicate preparations for a new line.

With the district south of the Marne cleared of Germans, the allies are busy constructing bridges and getting large bodies of troops and supplies across for pursuit. The Germans undoubtedly will continue to fight in the most stubborn manner for the salient, but if things continue to go well with the allies in their attack, the enemy is likely to be forced back to the line of the River Vesle, which offers good defenses and has good communications.

The Germans made several heavy counter attacks on the western side of the salient and the fighting appears to be growing in intensity all along the western line. A German rear attack near Gravelines won the Germans a slight advantage, but all these moves are only in the nature of an attempt to hold up the allies temporarily. All these counter attacks are costing the Germans heavily, as they must be launched without adequate preparation and on ground ill-adapted for the German purpose.

One of the German command actively engaged in endeavoring to find some way of holding up the American forces at the bottom of the pocket is a Major-General Hell, formerly Field Marshal von Mackensen's Chief of Staff, who recently was sent to the West front from the Ukraine. The Americans captured several documents bearing Gen. Hell's signature.

Many compliments have been showered on the Americans by British liaison officers and reports reached London from their two sectors, praising their fighting ability, discipline and adaptability. One staff officer reported:

"The Americans have already earned a great reputation for the thoroughness with which they clean up the territory they move across. They are just as good as the Australians in this open offensive warfare, and that it a very high compliment."

The French report the capture of a thousand more prisoners in the past 24 hours. The British also have taken several hundred, and the Americans a considerable number.

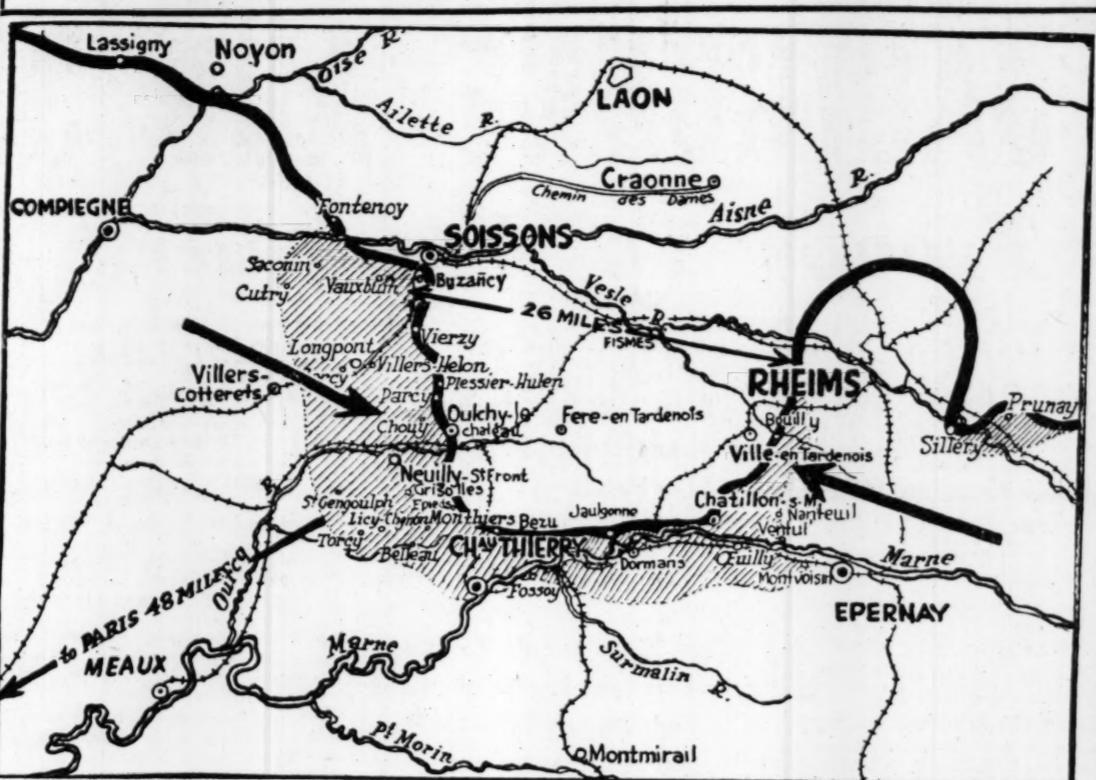
At 3 o'clock this (Monday) afternoon east of Rheims the enemy gained a little ground. On the whole front between the rivers there was a heavy German bombardment and several local attacks were delivered by the enemy, but not on a large scale. These were repulsed at all points except at Perthes.

**Paris Paper Says North Bank of Marne Will Soon Be Cleared.**

By the Associated Press.

PARIS, July 23.—French progress

## Map of the Battle Line Today



The heavy black line indicates the battle zone. The arrows show where allied forces are pressing hardest on the German army's flanks. The Allied gains in the counter attack are shaded.

**SOME OF LUDENDORFF'S MEN REACH PARIS, AND GET CARE AT HOSPITALS**

PARIS, July 22.

A T least a few of Ludendorff's troops have reached

the Paris objective of the

recent battles. These men, all

wounded, arrived yesterday and

were taken to the French hospital at Veldrege. They are

mostly young fellows who first

tasted war at the beginning of

this year. One of them, speaking

French, told a French doctor

they gave up when wounded in

the name of the number of planes

and guns captured largely aids

the present estimates.

The correspondent cites that one

army corps returned its captured

guns as 30, whereas they actually

numbered 80, and asserts that there

also is a great disparity in the casu-

alties of the enemy and of the allies.

He says the Germans killed or

wounded are extremely numerous

and in one case virtually the whole

of one battalion was found dead on

the ground in a wood in which they

were taken shelter. On the other

hand, he declared the French and

American casualties during attack

were less than half the prisoners

taken.

Although the Germans are fight-

ing hard along the bottom of the

salient, there is indication that

they realize that a retreat is inevi-

tate, for they are burning villes

several miles behind their lines, and

there is a great congestion of troops

around the top of the salient, which

may indicate preparations for a new

line.

With the district south of the Marne cleared of Germans, the allies

are busy constructing bridges and

getting large bodies of troops and

supplies across for pursuit. The

Germans undoubtedly will continue

to fight in the most stubborn man-

ner for the salient, but if things

continue to go well with the allies

in their attack, the enemy is likely

to be forced back to the line of the

River Vesle, which offers good de-

fenses and has good communications.

The Germans made several heavy

counter attacks on the western side

of the salient and the fighting ap-

pears to be growing in intensity all

along the western line. A German

rear attack near Gravelines won

the Germans a slight advantage,

but all these moves are only in

the nature of an attempt to hold up

the allies temporarily. All these counter

attacks are costing the Germans

heavily, as they must be launched

without adequate preparation and on

ground ill-adapted for the German

purpose.

One of the German command activ-

ely engaged in endeavoring to find

some way of holding up the Ameri-

cans at the bottom of the

salient is a Major-General Hell, for-

merly Field Marshal von Macken-

sen's Chief of Staff, who recently

was sent to the West front from the

Ukraine. The Americans captured

several documents bearing Gen. Hell's signature.

Many compliments have been

showered on the Americans by British

liaison officers and reports

reached London from their two sec-

tors, praising their fighting ability,

discipline and adaptability. One

staff officer reported:

## IFLES

admiration among the present, one of whom in all the four years ever had seen greater regard for danger than by these American

of the many deeds shown by Americans the 14-kilometer front: Lieut. Hoxie Fair, an instructor in Chemistry, Manhattan, led a party, capturing two machine operators. He for his men, using his gun. This Lieutenant greatest coolness in actually taking charge of a train when it was com-

Maxwell of Bell City, without any suggestion to make coffee and the wounded back of the immediately established so close to the lines segments and bullets, yet he kept to his a constant supply of liquids. Maxwell another company for, but when the action worked his way to the to apply his trade was more urgently

in the trenches.

of a New York regiment through the trenches became, speaking to personally and cheering his brave words. After he assisted in carrying wounded. The boys made a bit of work as company.

O'Neill, Manhattan, acted acts of bravery.

He shot two German runners who were for his company, and commanding officer was in charge of the platoon toward his fight.

Christenberry of and a half-dozen comrades buried under a big tree, he worked energetically until the last buried and carried to

Jordan of Birmingham to the assistance who was wounded to safety under the enemy.

Stand on Prohibition.

At the request of A. C. (Tony) Stuever, known politician, Chairman Lawrence P. Daley of the City Committee called on Jones a few days later, saying he had been requested by brewery interests to learn how Jones stood on the question of prohibition. Jones has a reputation for telling how he stands on anything, and he quickly told Daley:

"I have always been against prohibition, but there is no question in my mind that prohibition is coming and coming very soon, and as far as I am concerned I shall weep no tears when it does come. There are reasons why I probably should be a prohibitionist, but I am not and never have been."

However, you can tell the gentlemen who sent you just what I have said, and further that I am not particularly pleased at their interference in my campaign, but they are making a mistake if they are attempting to defeat me."

Chairman Daley assured Jones he was merely conveying a message, and as far as he was concerned, he had pledged his support and Jones would have it.

Daley reported to Stuever, and, according to trustworthy information, Stuever immediately announced that the brewers couldn't take a chance on Jones, and that they would file Ralph W. Coale, former president of the defunct Jefferson Club, for the senatorship. On that day Coale filed, and has been conducting an active campaign, consisting partly of parties to precipitate workers in saloons in the Thirty-second District.

Leaders Deserting Jones. The practical politics also began working. Committeeman George W. Hobbs of the Twenty-third Ward, who is a State Bank Examiner, and who was one of those endorsing Jones, was out in the State examining banks when the precinct leaders in his ward met and endorsed Coale. Committeeman E. B. Alexander of the Twenty-fifth Ward, it is reported, was absent from the city when his precinct organization met and endorsed Coale.

Other precinct organizations, which are said to be deserting the pledge of their committee, are in the Thirteenth Ward, of which J. D. Lumbull is committeeman, and the Sixteenth Ward, of which John E. Clooney is committeeman. Clooney was the only member of the committee absent when Jones was endorsed, but Daley and Clooney later signed, his satisfaction with the endorsement. Lukens' ward is one of those known as a Stuever ward, where Stuever's word usually is all that is necessary to some mysterious way get the votes the way Stuever wants them.

Chairman Daley admitted to a Post-Dispatch reporter that he had gone to Jones, but refused to say who had sent him.

"There is no question that the committee unanimously endorsed Jones and requested him to run," said Daley. "Afterward some of the brewery interests requested me to find out how he stood on the question of prohibition, as the ratification of the Federal amendment will come before the next Legislature. I saw Jones and conveyed to the gentlemen who sent me what he said."

"I am supporting Jones because I have my word that I would support him. I consider him a high-class man, and believe there should be more men in the Legislature of his caliber. I don't care to say who sent me to see Jones."

Jones said Daley had called on him

JAMES C. JONES  
GETS LESSON IN  
POLITICAL GAME

Drafted by Central Committee to Run for Senate He Finds Leaders Yielding to Brewers Who Put Coale in Race.

BREWERS BAR HIS  
PROHIBITION VIEWS

Stuever Interests Find Way to Alienate Support and Coale's Campaign Is Fed on "Parties to the Boys."

James C. Jones of 3 Kingsbury place, president of the Missouri Bar association, and chairman of the Twenty-eighth Ward Draft Board, who virtually was drafted by the Democratic City Committee as a candidate for the nomination for State Senator in the Thirty-second (St. Louis) District, is having an experience in practical politics, as it is played in St. Louis.

Several of Jones' friends, including lawyers of prominence, urged him to be a candidate for the Senate, and while at first refusing to consider it, he later agreed to run if he could be assured the nomination. Thomas C. Hennings, counsel for the Mercantile Trust Co., went before the Democratic City Committee and asked the committee would support Jones. Twenty-seven of the 28 members were present and Jones was not only endorsed but was asked to be a candidate.

To the unsophisticated in politics it looked, in view of Jones' standing and the promise of support from the Democratic organization, like there would be no candidate against him. However, practical politics immediately began to be played.

Stand on Prohibition.

At the request of A. C. (Tony) Stuever, known politician, Chairman Lawrence P. Daley of the City Committee called on Jones a few days later, saying he had been requested by brewery interests to learn how Jones stood on the question of prohibition. Jones has a reputation for telling how he stands on anything, and he quickly told Daley:

"I have always been against prohibition, but there is no question in my mind that prohibition is coming and coming very soon, and as far as I am concerned I shall weep no tears when it does come. There are reasons why I probably should be a prohibitionist, but I am not and never have been."

However, you can tell the gentlemen who sent you just what I have said, and further that I am not particularly pleased at their interference in my campaign, but they are making a mistake if they are attempting to defeat me."

Chairman Daley assured Jones he was merely conveying a message, and as far as he was concerned, he had pledged his support and Jones would have it.

Daley reported to Stuever, and, according to trustworthy information, Stuever immediately announced that the brewers couldn't take a chance on Jones, and that they would file Ralph W. Coale, former president of the defunct Jefferson Club, for the senatorship. On that day Coale filed, and has been conducting an active campaign, consisting partly of parties to precipitate workers in saloons in the Thirty-second District.

Leaders Deserting Jones. The practical politics also began working. Committeeman George W. Hobbs of the Twenty-third Ward, who is a State Bank Examiner, and who was one of those endorsing Jones, was out in the State examining banks when the precinct leaders in his ward met and endorsed Coale. Committeeman E. B. Alexander of the Twenty-fifth Ward, it is reported, was absent from the city when his precinct organization met and endorsed Coale.

Other precinct organizations, which are said to be deserting the pledge of their committee, are in the Thirteenth Ward, of which J. D. Lumbull is committeeman, and the Sixteenth Ward, of which John E. Clooney is committeeman. Clooney was the only member of the committee absent when Jones was endorsed, but Daley and Clooney later signed, his satisfaction with the endorsement. Lukens' ward is one of those known as a Stuever ward, where Stuever's word usually is all that is necessary to some mysterious way get the votes the way Stuever wants them.

Chairman Daley admitted to a Post-Dispatch reporter that he had gone to Jones, but refused to say who had sent him.

"There is no question that the committee unanimously endorsed Jones and requested him to run," said Daley. "Afterward some of the brewery interests requested me to find out how he stood on the question of prohibition, as the ratification of the Federal amendment will come before the next Legislature. I saw Jones and conveyed to the gentlemen who sent me what he said."

"I am supporting Jones because I have my word that I would support him. I consider him a high-class man, and believe there should be more men in the Legislature of his caliber. I don't care to say who sent me to see Jones."

Jones said Daley had called on him

## 3 Members of 138th Infantry in Late Casualty Lists, and Marines Killed



Top row—Corps Edward M. Krohn, Marine (at left), killed in action, and Jesse Lovvorn, H Company, 138th Infantry, severely wounded. Center—Lieut. G. A. Bilsbarrow, D Company, 138th Infantry, severely wounded. At bottom—Private Louis F. Beckerle, Marine (at left), dead of wounds, and Sergt. Frank F. Kriwanek, 138th Infantry, severely wounded.

and repeated what he had told Daley.

## Jones Reviews Situation.

"The situation is a peculiar one," said Jones. "I never have been for prohibition, but it seems the brewers cannot be satisfied with having in the Senate a man whose vote they cannot absolutely direct, even though his vote would be cast the way their own would cast it."

Jones a week ago caused members among politicians by the issuance of a statement in which he said he was "damned at home if he got drunk and damned around the corner saloons if he didn't get drunk."

Former Justice of the Peace, "Bobby" Carroll is a candidate in this district.

The Thirty-second District, includes parts of the Thirteenth, Fourteenth, Sixteenth, Twenty-fourth and Twenty-eighth Wards, and all the Seventeenth, Twenty-third and Twenty-fifth Wards.

## Pearcy Withdraws From Judicial Race.

Elmbr. E. Pearce of 4324 West Pine boulevard, who several weeks ago became a candidate for the Republican nomination for Circuit Judge at the request of a committee of the St. Louis Bar Association, yesterday announced his withdrawal from the race.

Pearcy, notwithstanding the circumstances under which he entered the race, did not receive the endorsement of the Republican members of his district.

In medical circles it was reported that the resignation followed protests by two former members of the staff, now in the military service, against an enemy alien being retained on the staff.

Dr. Jonas had been a member of the staff for about 12 years. He is a son-in-law of Dr. Herman Tuholske of 4487 Westminster place, chief of staff at the Jewish Hospital, and one of the founders of the institution. The hospital was founded in 1901. It is at 5415 Delmar boulevard.

Dr. Jonas declined to discuss his resignation with a Post-Dispatch reporter who asked him for verification of it. Aaron Waldeheim of 4522 Lindell boulevard, president of the hospital board, said the resignation of Dr. Jonas was offered and accepted several weeks ago. He said that no protests against Dr. Jonas being dismissed had been presented to the board.

He said Dr. Jonas gave no reason for his resignation. Dr. Jonas has an office in the Lister Building, Taylor avenue and Olive street.

Stefansson Red Cross Lecturer.

By the Associated Press. NOME, Alaska, July 23.—Vilhjalmur Stefansson, Arctic explorer, now at Fort Yukon, Alaska, is planning to go on a lecture tour this fall for the benefit of the Red Cross, according to a telegram received here from him. Stefansson is in a Fort Yukon hospital recovering from illness contracted at Herschel Island, in the Arctic, early this year. The first lecture will be given at Carnegie Hall, New York, Oct. 6.

Four Negroes Held After ASSAULT ON COLONEL'S WIFE

Approves Ruling of Window Trimmer, Clerk and Produce Salesman Put in Class A1.

The District Appeals Draft Board yesterday passed on the cases of 23 registrants who had been reclassified by the Tenth Ward Board under the "work-or-fight" order. The placing of "work-by-the-district" board, and they will have to get useful jobs or enter military service. The rulings on the other 25 were not confirmed, the District Board finding that some were in useful employment, and that others had changed to such work.

The three men who were reclassified were: August L. Erb, 3625 Mission street, a men's furnishing salesman and window trimmer; Harry W. Friske, 2750 Wyoming street, clerk and bookkeeper, and Frank H. Diel, 3916 Louisiana avenue, a produce salesman. Their questionnaires will be returned to the Tenth Ward board, and the board will give them a certain length of time in which to get new jobs or be drafted.

The cases will be the first to be passed on by the District Board. Erb was the first man in the city summoned before a ward board for a hearing on essentiality. A number of the ward boards have not yet started summoning men for hearings. The Tenth finished two weeks ago.

List your vacant rooms in the Post-Dispatch "Big Boarders" Directory, where persons who rent rooms are looking for them.

James C. Jones of 3 Kingsbury

place, president of the Missouri Bar association, and chairman of the Twenty-eighth Ward Draft Board, who virtually was drafted by the Democratic City Committee as a candidate for the nomination for State Senator in the Thirty-second (St. Louis) District, is having an experience in practical politics, as it is played in St. Louis.

Several of Jones' friends, including lawyers of prominence, urged him to be a candidate for the Senate, and while at first refusing to consider it, he later agreed to run if he could be assured the nomination. Thomas C. Hennings, counsel for the Mercantile Trust Co., went before the Democratic City Committee and asked the committee would support Jones. Twenty-seven of the 28 members were present and Jones was not only endorsed but was asked to be a candidate.

To the unsophisticated in politics it looked, in view of Jones' standing and the promise of support from the Democratic organization, like there would be no candidate against him. However, practical politics immediately began to be played.

Stand on Prohibition.

At the request of A. C. (Tony) Stuever, known politician, Chairman Lawrence P. Daley of the City Committee called on Jones a few days later, saying he had been requested by brewery interests to learn how Jones stood on the question of prohibition. Jones has a reputation for telling how he stands on anything, and he quickly told Daley:

"I have always been against prohibition, but there is no question in my mind that prohibition is coming and coming very soon, and as far as I am concerned I shall weep no tears when it does come. There are reasons why I probably should be a prohibitionist, but I am not and never have been."

However, you can tell the gentlemen who sent you just what I have said.

Stand on Prohibition.

At the request of A. C. (Tony) Stuever, known politician, Chairman Lawrence P. Daley of the City Committee called on Jones a few days later, saying he had been requested by brewery interests to learn how Jones stood on the question of prohibition. Jones has a reputation for telling how he stands on anything, and he quickly told Daley:

"I have always been against prohibition, but there is no question in my mind that prohibition is coming and coming very soon, and as far as I am concerned I shall weep no tears when it does come. There are reasons why I probably should be a prohibitionist, but I am not and never have been."

Stand on Prohibition.

At the request of A. C. (Tony) Stuever, known politician, Chairman Lawrence P. Daley of the City Committee called on Jones a few days later, saying he had been requested by brewery interests to learn how Jones stood on the question of prohibition. Jones has a reputation for telling how he stands on anything, and he quickly told Daley:

"I have always been against prohibition, but there is no question in my mind that prohibition is coming and coming very soon, and as far as I am concerned I shall weep no tears when it does come. There are reasons why I probably should be a prohibitionist, but I am not and never have been."

Stand on Prohibition.

At the request of A. C. (Tony) Stuever, known politician, Chairman Lawrence P. Daley of the City Committee called on Jones a few days later, saying he had been requested by brewery interests to learn how Jones stood on the question of prohibition. Jones has a reputation for telling how he stands on anything, and he quickly told Daley:

"I have always been against prohibition, but there is no question in my mind that prohibition is coming and coming very soon, and as far as I am concerned I shall weep no tears when it does come. There are reasons why I probably should be a prohibitionist, but I am not and never have been."

Stand on Prohibition.

At the request of A. C. (Tony) Stuever, known politician, Chairman Lawrence P. Daley of the City Committee called on Jones a few days later, saying he had been requested by brewery interests to learn how Jones stood on the question of prohibition. Jones has a reputation for telling how he stands on anything, and he quickly told Daley:

"I have always been against prohibition, but there is no question in my mind that prohibition is coming and coming very soon, and as far as I am concerned I shall weep no tears when it does come. There are reasons why I probably should be a prohibitionist, but I am not and never have been."

Stand on Prohibition.

At the request of A. C. (Tony) Stuever, known politician, Chairman Lawrence P. Daley of the City Committee called on Jones a few days later, saying he had been requested by brewery interests to learn how Jones stood on the question of prohibition. Jones has a reputation for telling how he stands on anything, and he quickly told Daley:

"I have always been against prohibition, but there is no question in my mind that prohibition is coming and coming very soon, and as far as I am concerned I shall weep no tears when it does come. There are reasons why I probably should be a prohibitionist, but I am not and never have been."

Stand on Prohibition.

At the request of A. C. (Tony) Stuever, known politician, Chairman Lawrence P. Daley of the City Committee called on Jones a few days later, saying he had been requested by brewery interests to learn how Jones stood on the question of prohibition. Jones has a reputation for telling how he stands on anything, and he quickly told Daley:

"I have always been against prohibition, but there is no question in my mind that prohibition is coming and coming very soon, and as far as I am concerned I shall weep no tears when it does come. There are reasons why I probably should be a prohibitionist, but I am not and never have been."

Stand on Prohibition.

At the request of A. C. (Tony) Stuever, known politician, Chairman Lawrence P. Daley of the City Committee called on Jones a few days later, saying he had been requested by brewery interests to learn how Jones stood on the question of prohibition. Jones has a reputation for telling how he stands on anything, and he quickly told Daley:

"I have always been against prohibition, but there is no question in my mind that prohibition is coming and coming very soon, and as far as I am concerned I shall weep no tears when it does come. There are reasons why I probably should be a prohibitionist, but I am not and never have been."

Stand on Prohibition.

At the request of A. C. (Tony) Stuever, known politician, Chairman Lawrence P. Daley of the City Committee called on Jones a few days later,

## APPROPRIATIONS THIS SESSION OF \$30,000,000,000

Second Meeting of the 65th Congress Makes a Record in the Point of Cash Authorizations.

### BULK OF AMOUNT FOR PUSHING WAR

Representative Sherley, However, Doesn't Believe Expenditure Will Reach Sum; What Money Is For.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—With total appropriations only a little short of \$30,000,000,000, and more to be authorized later, the second session of the Sixty-fifth Congress will stand as a record session in point of cash authorizations. Succeeding Congresses, leaders believe, will be called on for even greater expenditures so long as America maintains its vast military establishment in Europe.

A report compiled by Representative Sherley of Kentucky, chairman of the House Appropriation Committee, made public today, shows in detail the amounts authorized by Congress, the bulk of which is for prosecuting the war. In exact figures Congress has authorized in its second session a total of \$29,791,241,773, and requests from various Government departments for additional amounts for needs not anticipated when original estimates were made, are being sent in frequently.

#### Sherley's Estimates.

Sherley estimates that, while this amount has been authorized, the expenditures in the next fiscal year will not reach that sum. "In point of fact," Sherley said, "the probability is that such expen-

ditures will be at least \$5,000,000,000 or \$6,000,000,000 less than that amount. In this connection it is interesting to consider appropriations for the last fiscal year, 1918. I submit such a statement for that fiscal year subdivided between the amount of loans to allies and those for other purposes, which show a total for both purposes of approximately \$18,000,000,000.

"Of this amount there was actual expense for governmental purposes, including the payment in the form of loans to our allies, of a little over \$13,500,000,000, leaving approximately \$5,300,000,000 of those appropriations not expended."

Of the total appropriations the greatest single measure was the army bill, carrying upward of \$12,085,000,000 for the upkeep of the army at home and abroad. In that bill, however, clothing for the soldiers was not provided, and an additional amount for that equipment was provided in the general deficiency bill, carrying more than \$1,000,000.

#### Fortifications Provision.

Next to the army bill came the fortifications appropriations act carrying upward of \$5,473,000,000 for heavy siege guns abroad and air and coast defenses at home. The naval appropriation bill, which authorized a vast increase in the enlisted personnel of the army appropriated upward of \$1,600,000,000 and a sundry civil bill appropriated nearly \$3,000,000.

To meet the \$29,791,000,000 to be expended there is in sight a total revenue of \$18,161,000,000, including upwards of \$4,000,000,000 under existing tax laws, postal revenues and loans authorized and not made use of.

The statement also shows that there are authorized bond issues of \$22,000,000,000, of which amount only \$9,780,000,000 have been issued.

In addition to this, there has been authorized an issue of War Stamps amounting to \$2,000,000,000, of which there has been issued only approximately \$307,000,000.

#### GIRL TESTIFIES OPERATOR DIED IN ELEVATOR FALL

Coroner Orders Another Continuance in Case of Woman Killed in Her Car in Wainwright Building.

Coroner Witt today ordered another continuance of the inquest into the death of Mrs. Glenda Hickel of 152 Suihur Avenue, an elevator operator in the Wainwright Building, who was found dead in her elevator car there Friday night.

He requested Detective Chief Hausegan to make an inquiry of the accident before tomorrow's hearing, when Edward Kramer, assistant manager of the building, and Mrs. Frances Frantz, head scrub woman, will be called to testify again. In their testimony yesterday they said nothing about the elevator having fallen.

Miss Stella Boege, 2351 South Eleventh street, today testified she saw the elevator fall after it had gone to the fifth floor.

She said Kramer, who had gone to that floor a short time before this in Mrs. Hickel's car, came running down the stairs and shouted: "The elevator has fallen." Until this testimony was given it was thought Mrs. Hickel's head had struck some obstruction while the elevator was descending in a normal manner.

On the Move Again.

Three days later the women were on the move again, this time

## FOCH SKILLFULLY USING CAVALRY IN GAPS TO KEEP SOLID FRONT TO THE FOE

Horsemen Playing Important Part Now As They Have During Whole 1918 Battle Since Days of Picardy.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—Skillful use of cavalry has marked General Foch's tactics ever since he took over control of the allied armies as supreme Commander, according to information reaching military circles here. The horsemen have played an important role in the whole battle of 1918, as the struggle which began March 21 with the first German drive has come to be known.

The employment of the swift moving mounted columns in the present counter stroke from the Alsace Marne line has been noted in dispatches. The General Foch took

advantage of the great mobility of the mounted arm to throw them in wherever his advancing infantry units threatened to lose touch with each other in the heat and confusion of the contest. No gaps have been left where the enemy might strike back, for always the horsemen come up to fill the hole until the infantry line could be rectified and connected in a solid front.

The same tactics marked the first use of French cavalry in the battle of Picardy when the French took over 88 kilometers of front from the British to permit the latter to mass reserves at seriously threatened points of the line further north.

A French cavalry corps, complete with light artillery, armored cars and cyclists, arrived first on the scene in Picardy and relieved the British. They fought it out afoot until the heavy French infantry arrived and took over the task.

On the Move Again.

Three days later the women were on the move again, this time

hurrying to the front where the enemy was hitting hard at the Lys line. The cavalry rode hard as the advance guard of the French cavalry columns came marching toward St. Omor. In the first 24 hours, despite the long strain of fighting in Picardy, they covered 125 kilometers without losing a man or a horse on the way. In 66 hours they had transferred their whole corps over 200 kilometers and arrived east of Mont Cassel.

It was a wonderful sight," writes the chief of staff of a division.

The horses were in fine condition.

The men were cheerful and went singing, in spite of the sufferings and privations they had to endure.

"In truth our boys looked a little tired, but they were all very proud that such an effort had been asked of them and all were doing it cheerfully."

The cavalry corps stood in sup-

port of the British for 10 days in April after the enemy had forced the line held by the Portuguese division.

It maintained communication be-

tween two British armies and or-

ganized the ground from Mont Cas-

sel to Mont Kemmel, while the

French army moved up behind it.

As the French infantry took over, the

cavalry was drawn off to the left in

the Mont Kemmel region and for

five days the horsemen fighting

afoot with two infantry divisions,

withstood terrific assaults of the

Germans, who sought to hammer a

way through behind Ypres at any

cost. They endured steady bombard-

ment for days and when the infantry

were hemmed in on top of Mont

Kemmel, the cavalry drove forward in counter attack and held off the shock divisions of the enemy while the French gunners got their pieces away.

#### Cavalry Blocked Enemy.

Later, at the battle of Loire, the

cavalry also shared fully with the

infantry, blocking gaps in the line,

and the final definite occupation of

the town by the allies was accom-

plished by a cavalry battalion. A

servant and a handful of dragoons

drove 40 Germans out of the town

and at another point a cavalry offi-

cer and 20 men backed up the in-

fantry at a critical moment, the offi-

cer waving a pistol in one hand

and a shovel in the other as he led

the dash which restored the situ-

ation.

A few days later the same cavalry,

after another long ride, met the en-

emy advance against Villers-Cot-

teufs Woods, in the Aisne sector,

where the fighting today is wag-

ing fiercely and where the horsemen

again are engaged. When the Ger-

mans drove forward in their effort

to get around the forest to Com-

peigne, the horsemen blocked the

road between the wooded region and

the River Ourcq.

In view of this record for swift

movement and dashing attack af-

fordably, and our desire to have estab-

lished a new place for itself in mod-

ern warfare. The men are the light

troopers, the men who are always

hurled first into the point of danger

to hold until the slow-moving infan-

try arrives. They have learned

trench warfare completely and Gen.

Foch is making use of them in a way

that insures them a glorious chance

when the day comes for the allies to

drive back all along the line.

FIVE CENTS A DAY—\$1.50 a month.

buys a military wrist watch. Loftis Bro-

& Co., 24 fl. 308 N. 6th st.—Adv.

## PRESIDENT WILL MAKE AN ANTI-MOB APPEAL

Reported as Deeply Concerned Over Outbreaks at Different Points in U. S.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—Deeply concerned by manifestations of mob

spirit in widely separated parts of

the land, President Wilson is about to

issue a statement to his countrymen

calling upon them to respect the re-

straint of law and order in dealing

with those whom they suspect of

being enemy aliens within their

midst.

The President's pronouncement

probably will take the form of an

open personal statement similar to

that which he issued at the begin-

ning of the world war urging his

countrymen to observe a true neu-

trality.

One particular episode which has

disturbed the President and the Cab-

inet very much was the hanging of

Robert P. Prager at Collinsville, Ill.,

last April. The incident was dis-

cussed in the German Reichstag and

it was reported from Amsterdam

that Germany was sending a protest

through diplomatic channels. The

State Department, however, never

had announced receiving one.

Now the Government has learned

that Germany has made wide and

damaging use of the Praeger case,

and others of a similar nature,

throughout Mexico and South Amer-

ica, and even in Europe, where the

propaganda has been at work to con-

trovert the President's pronounce-

ments of justice for all.

President Wilson is said by close

advisers to regard the situation as

one with mob spirit operating under

guise of patriotism. Some of the

President's friends say he regards it

not only as a dangerous evil but as

a disgrace, because it strikes at the

nation's morale and feeds the propa-

ganda which represents the United

States as fighting for democracy

abroad and countenancing its de-</p

Your Greatest Purchase

Piano or Player something bought for the years to come.

should therefore be the best your circumstances will permit you to buy.

The Pianos and Players sold here will stand the test of the most rigid investigation.

MONROY'S  
Corner 11th & Olive  
THE HOUSE THAT  
GUARANTEES ALL ITS PIANOS

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES

UNIVERSITY

(Missouri Dental College)

Now in its 33rd Year.

Dental Instruction facilities for train-

cularly desire young men of broad general education. Dentistry offers them opportunities. This institution offers special facilities for training in this profession.

Write

St. Louis, Mo.

at St. Louis, Mo.

Group 2 \$2.95

Topless models in fancy pink and white striped materials, wide elastic waistband and extremely long skirt. Ideal garments for Summer wear.

Group 3 \$2.45

Fancy pink brocade lace-front Corsets, very low bust, with guaranteed boning and three pairs of supporters. All sizes.

Group 4 \$2.25

Topless models in fancy pink and white striped materials, wide elastic waistband and extremely long skirt. Ideal garments for Summer wear.

Group 5 \$1.65

Models for all figures, in both front and back lace styles, of batiste, also long styles for stout figures. All are guaranteed non-rustable, with lace and embroidery trimmings, and have three pairs of supporters. Sizes 21 to 36.

(Second Floor.)

A Very Important Sale of

### New Corsets and Brassieres

We present to our customers buying opportunities in Corsets and Brassieres of an unusual character—models that are in most demand, at a great deal below their regular selling prices:

Group 2 \$2.95

at

Topless models in fancy pink and white striped materials, wide elastic waistband and extremely long skirt. Ideal garments for Summer wear.

Group 3 \$2.45

at

Fancy pink brocade lace-front Corsets, very low bust, with guaranteed boning and three pairs of supporters. All sizes.

Group 4 \$2.25

at

Topless models in fancy pink and white striped materials, wide elastic waistband and extremely long skirt. Ideal garments for Summer wear.

Group 5 \$1.65

at

Models for all figures, in both front and back lace styles, of batiste, also long styles for stout figures. All are guaranteed non-rustable, with lace and embroidery trimmings, and have three pairs of supporters. Sizes 21 to 36.

(Second Floor.)

public

RCE

for these qual-

al—a sale which  
luerwear—Neck-  
ing prices, and  
nts to a greater

ment as to the

ht-weight Sum-  
ardines. Every  
notable Stein-

00 grades, now \$3.45,  
and \$6.50 grades,

prices up to \$10.00;

prices up to \$10.00;

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

000

HEART TO RUN IN PRIMARY REGARDLESS OF PARTY'S CHOICE

Announcement Further Complicates Situation; Another Candidate Has Taken Same Stand.

The Associated Press.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., July 23.—William Randolph Hearst intends to enter the primaries for the Democratic nomination for Governor no matter who is recommended to the party voters of the State by the unofficial convention which will open next Friday, according to a statement made last night by L. J. O'Reilly, one Hearst's confidential secretary and now Commissioner of Water Supply in New York City.

O'Reilly's announcement served further to complicate a much involved situation. Another candidate, William Church Osborn, one of the seven men recommended by the Committee of Fifteen at its Syracuse meeting, already had announced that he will go into the primaries regardless of what the conference does.

Drafted Men to Be Re-Examined. All men under weight and under height who were previously rejected will be called back before the Army Exemption Board in a few days and will be re-examined for service. A change in regulations has been made so as to procure a large number of soldiers from the drafted men.



Study this picture so you will know how to use Pepto-Mangan lozenges.

If you are weak-bodied, weak-blooded, and weak-nerved, build your blood and body with

Gude's Pepto-Mangan

"The Red Blood Builder"

Pepto-Mangan is made only by M. J. BREITENBACH CO., New York Manufacturing Chemists Sold by druggists everywhere

OUT THEY GO! A Drastic Clean-Up of Every Garment in Stock! Here Are 2 of the Big Bargains:

Men's Light Aairy Cool Cloth Suits —Worth Up to \$12.00 OUT THEY GO AT

\$6.66

Handsome Suits that are cool, comfortable and distinctive—now in the wanted light flaky patterns in all sizes—Out They Go at \$6.66.

Men's Fine Cool Cloth Pants TO MATCH \$3

A wonderful choice—new all sizes and patterns—real quality—out they go at

WEI N. CORNER EIGHTH AND WASHINGTON

NEVER-TEL Better than advertised

Darken Your Gray Hair

With Never-Tel the world's cleanest, softest, most sanitary, most restorative. Not a drop restorative, and positively will not stain the most delicate skin. You can buy, no must, no reason to annoy. Put it in delicately

Perfumed Tablets

Only dissolved in a little water as directed on the label. At no drugstore \$5.00, or next direct in place.

NEVER-TEL LABORATORIES CO., Sept. 20th Kansas City, Mo.

## NEW LIST OF 105 ARMY CASUALTIES SHOWS 24 KILLED

Deaths Among the American Forces Also Include Three From Wounds and Five From Disease.

### 67 OF OUR SOLDIERS WOUNDED SEVERELY

Five Deaths From Accident and Other Causes and One of Pershing's Men Missing in Action.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—The army casualty list today shows: Killed in action, 24; died of wounds, 3; died of disease, 5; died of accident and other causes, 5; wounded severely, 67; missing in action, 1; total 105.

These figures bring the total American army casualties to the following:

Killed in action ..... 1,834  
Died of wounds ..... 695  
Died of disease ..... 1,411  
Died of accident and other causes ..... 551  
Wounded in action ..... 5,896  
Missing (including prisoners) ..... 611

Total ..... 10,998

Killed in action—Sergt. Carl L. Gilbert, Niles, O. Corps Stephen P. Grib, Chicago; Gust Koller, Chicago. Privates Harry Abramowitz, New York City; Clifford A. Beard, 2841 Salina street, St. Louis; Jessie H. Buchana, Big Lake, Wash.; Leslie D. Chapman, Ridgeville, Ind.; Homer Crumb, Knobell, Ark.; James P. Ellis, Eldorado, Tex.; Chester A. Hartwell, Farewell, Mo.; John Lambert, Holyoke, Mass.; John D. Mundie, North Tonawanda, N. Y.; John J. Murphy, Alldaville, Ireland; Carl A. Oestfeld, Spring Grove, Minn.; Joseph E. O'Hearn, Lockhart, N. Y.; Joseph Pirkle, Owatonna, Minn.; Samuel Schambaur, Brooklyn, N. Y.; John W. Shoemaker, Tyrone, Mo.; Fulton C. Smith, Ambridge, Pa.; Peter Smulczynski, East Hampton, Mass.; Archibald L. Stanton, Waterbury, Conn.; Alfred Stengel, College Point, N. Y.; Isidore Swirsky, New York City; Bugler Leon Jernatt, Spring City, Pa.

Died of wounds—Privates Domenica de Modica, Boston, Mass.; John E. Hoey, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.; Guy M. Stanton, Millbrook, Mich.

Died of disease—Privates William A. Farris, Tuscaloosa, Ala.; Harry A. Lewis, Fullerton, Neb.; Henry Schmitz, Winona, Minn.; John Schaefer, Sturgis, Mich.; Cool Clair L. Black, Glasgow, Mont.

Died from accident and other causes—Master Engineer Albert C. Urbach, Livingston, Mont.; Sergt. Patrick J. McGaughan, New York. Waggoner Sylvester Johnson, Calverville, N. Y.; Privates William Kirzick, Jersey City, N. J.; Thomas Patrick, Newark, N. J.

Severely wounded—Lieuts. George A. Bilbarrow, Maplewood, Mo.; Francis K. Read, Baltimore, Md.; Mechanics Thomas S. Rinaldo, Brooklyn; Charles J. Swenson, New York City; Cool Edward Oberlander, Brooklyn; Sergts. Michael M. Herschman, Brooklyn; Frank F. Kriwanek, 2830 Chippewa street, St. Louis, Mo.; James L. Lampley, Nashville, Tenn.; George Leinfelder, Brooklyn. Corps James J. Casata, Brooklyn; Ambrose Dolan, Jamaica Plain, Mass.; John Gierum, Holland, Mich.; Howard K. Greer, New York; John Griffiths, Glendale, N. Y.; James T. McCormick, Topeka, Kan.; Ralph Wilson, New York City; Privates Cecil J. Beck, Springfield, Wash.; Edward Berman, Spring Valley, N. Y.; Harry S. Bernick, Shenandoah, Pa.; Charles Bocea, Gary, Ind.; John Cannon, Homestead, Pa.; Henry J. Clarke, South Nyack, N. Y.; Hugh D. Cook, La Jolla, Colo.; Sherman L. Craft, Hailstead, Pa.; Paul H. Daley, Leicester, N. C.; Henry C. Dillgard, Gainesville, N. Y.; Joseph M. Donahue, Buffalo, N. Y.; Francis A. Ellis, Malden, Mass.; Marie Ellner, New York City; Patrick Fee, Brooklyn; Lawrence Flatley, New York City; Harper D. Foote, Binghamton, N. Y.; S. Furlong, Salamanca, N. Y.; Christopher Germann, Corona, N. Y.; Frank J. Goldbach, Buffalo; E. Grombecker, New York; Edward Grotte, Minneapolis; Fred Hartel, Brooklyn; John I. Herman, Olney, Ill.; Said Kalil, Lansing, Mich.; Frank Krieger, Bridgeville, Pa.; Frank J. Leary, Buffalo, N. Y.; George D. Lingelbach, Minneapolis, Minn.; George McCann, East Boston, Mass.; John S. Moore, New York, N. Y.; Eugene Munson Jr., Brooklyn; Vincent Mutti, New York City; Frank C. Newsum, New York City; James M. Newsum, Woodhaven, N. Y.; William R. Noon, Freeport, N. Y.; John Novello, Strawberry Hill, Norwalk, Conn.; John D. Pernario, Buffalo, N. Y.; Wasiele Putnick, New York City; Levi R. Quick, Liver Springs, N. Y.; William Shukley, Cincinnati, O.; Irving Sollow, New York City; Percy J. Wallace, Sumpter, Ore.; Cassimil M. Warren, Dunkirk, N. Y.; Henry Wehrenburg, Newell, Ia.; Theodore Wexler, New York City; Arthur J. White, Lima, N. Y.; Arthur D. Williams, Rolla, N. D.; Frank S. Kelsey, Haddam, Conn.; Irving H. Kriegel, Elgin, Ill.; Frank Krieger, Bridgeville, Pa.; Ischem G.

Williams, Rolla, N. D.; Julius Wolff, Elmhurst, N. Y.

Missing in action—Private Edward Straus, New York City.

### TOTAL OF 23 IN MARINE CORPS CASUALTY LIST

WASHINGTON, July 23.—The Marine Corps casualty list today is as follows:

Killed in action, 4; died of wounds, 3; wounded severely, 15; missing, 1. Total, 23.

These figures bring the total casualties among the marines to the following figures:

Killed in action ..... 454  
Died of wounds ..... 209  
Died of disease and other causes ..... 25  
Missing (including prisoners) ..... 110

Total ..... 1,943

The list:

Killed in action: Privates Wyatt M. Chapman, Americus, Ga.; William W. Lowrey, Cleveland, O.; Frank S. Carlson, Sycamore, Ill.; Lloyd A. Staley, Springfield, Ill.

Died of wounds received in action: First Lieut. Arthur T. Elmore, Washington, D. C.; Privates James D. Morgan, Granby, Mass.; Hugh A. Stirling, Philadelphia.

Wounded in action (severely): Corps. Harold J. Benedict, Hartford, Conn.; George C. Doneworth, Harrison, O.; Privates Ira O. Arbuckle, Fulton, Mo.; Charles A. Benckert, Easton, Pa.; Ernest Bloomer, Rock Springs, Wyo.; Eugene H. Brandon, Prairie, Miss.; Henry E. Cardinal, Standish, Mich.; Lynn H. Conrad, Sacramento; Harry L. Lubers, Denver; Daniel L. McMenamin, Philadelphia; Joseph H. Neuman, Da Kalb, Ill.; Garrison H. Price, Hiltons, Va.; John D. Price, New York, Ky.; Paul H. Sanderson, Bowland, Green, Mo.; John J. Stahl, Freehold, Pa.

Previously reported killed in action now reported killed in Germany: Private Roy H. Sympson, Philadelphia.

## ROOSEVELT DECLINES TO RUN FOR GOVERNOR

Giving Whole Time and Thought to Problems of War and of Peace to Cause.

By the Associated Press.

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., July 23.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt issued a statement last night in which he declared that under no circumstances would he accept the Republican nomination for Governor of New York.

The former President made his announcement when he sent a telegram to Attorney-General Merton E. Lewis of Albany, ready to a message which Lewis sent several days ago offering to withdraw from the race if the Colonel would become a candidate.

In his telegram Col. Roosevelt did not mention any of the subjects which were taken up by the Republicans at their convention last week.

He did not refer to prohibition or woman suffrage, nor did he propose a candidate for Governor.

The message follows:

"Dear Mr. Lewis: I am very genuinely touched by the spirit of your request and I need hardly say how much I appreciate the honor you do me, but I cannot be a candidate for nor accept the nomination for Governor of New York.

"The position of Governor in any state, and especially in this great and most populous State, is one of the very highest consequence, and there is no man in the United States who ought not to feel honored to have the chance of filling it. But the duties of the place are not only of the highest importance, but are also very exacting and onerous and demand all of any man's time and energy, and whoever occupies the place should devote himself wholeheartedly to the work and, therefore, his heart and soul and brain should

be wholeheartedly in the work. This was true of me 20 years ago, when I became Governor of New York. It is not and cannot be true of me now."

"For the last four years my whole life has been absorbed in the consideration of the tremendous problems, national and international, created by the war. I have thought of them and dwelt on them in my mind to the exclusion of all other subjects, even the domestic problems of this great State, deeply though I appreciate the vital importance of these problems.

"My work is for the men who are fighting in this war. My mind dwells continually on the problems of the war, on the international problems of the peace which is to close and justify the war, and on the tremendous problems, social and industrial, with which we shall be faced after the war is ended. This being so, the very fact of my intense appreciation of the magnitude of the interest with which the Governor of New York State must deal forbids my undertaking a task to which I could not bring the whole of whatever strength and thought and ability I possess.

"Again assuring you of my very great appreciation and with very real regret, I am faithfully yours,

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

The message follows:

"Dear Mr. Lewis: I am very genuinely touched by the spirit of your request and I need hardly say how much I appreciate the honor you do me, but I cannot be a candidate for nor accept the nomination for Governor of New York.

"The position of Governor in any state, and especially in this great and most populous State, is one of the very highest consequence, and there is no man in the United States who ought not to feel honored to have the chance of filling it. But the duties of the place are not only of the highest importance, but are also very exacting and onerous and demand all of any man's time and energy, and whoever occupies the place should devote himself wholeheartedly to the work and, therefore, his heart and soul and brain should

be wholeheartedly in the work. This was true of me 20 years ago, when I became Governor of New York. It is not and cannot be true of me now."

"For the last four years my whole life has been absorbed in the consideration of the tremendous problems, national and international, created by the war. I have thought of them and dwelt on them in my mind to the exclusion of all other subjects, even the domestic problems of this great State, deeply though I appreciate the vital importance of these problems.

"My work is for the men who are fighting in this war. My mind dwells continually on the problems of the war, on the international problems of the peace which is to close and justify the war, and on the tremendous problems, social and industrial, with which we shall be faced after the war is ended. This being so, the very fact of my intense appreciation of the magnitude of the interest with which the Governor of New York State must deal forbids my undertaking a task to which I could not bring the whole of whatever strength and thought and ability I possess.

"Again assuring you of my very great appreciation and with very real regret, I am faithfully yours,

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

The message follows:

"Dear Mr. Lewis: I am very genuinely touched by the spirit of your request and I need hardly say how much I appreciate the honor you do me, but I cannot be a candidate for nor accept the nomination for Governor of New York.

"The position of Governor in any state, and especially in this great and most populous State, is one of the very highest consequence, and there is no man in the United States who ought not to feel honored to have the chance of filling it. But the duties of the place are not only of the highest importance, but are also very exacting and onerous and demand all of any man's time and energy, and whoever occupies the place should devote himself wholeheartedly to the work and, therefore, his heart and soul and brain should

be wholeheartedly in the work. This was true of me 20 years ago, when I became Governor of New York. It is not and cannot be true of me now."

"For the last four years my whole life has been absorbed in the consideration of the tremendous problems, national and international, created by the war. I have thought of them and dwelt on them in my mind to the exclusion of all other subjects, even the domestic problems of this great State, deeply though I appreciate the vital importance of these problems.

"My work is for the men who are fighting in this war. My mind dwells continually on the problems of the war, on the international problems of the peace which is to close and justify the war, and on the tremendous problems, social and industrial, with which we shall be faced after the war is ended. This being so, the very fact of my intense appreciation of the magnitude of the interest with which the Governor of New York State must deal forbids my undertaking a task to which I could not bring the whole of whatever strength and thought and ability I possess.

"Again assuring you of my very great appreciation and with very real regret, I am faithfully yours,

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

The message follows:

"Dear Mr. Lewis: I am very genuinely touched by the spirit of your request and I need hardly say how much I appreciate the honor you do me, but I cannot be a candidate for nor accept the nomination for Governor of New York.

"The position of Governor in any state, and especially in this great and most populous State, is one of the very highest consequence, and there is no man in the United States who ought not to feel honored to have the chance of filling it. But the duties of the place are not only of the highest importance, but are also very exacting and onerous and demand all of any man's time and energy, and whoever occupies the place should devote himself wholeheartedly to the work and, therefore, his heart and soul and brain should

be wholeheartedly in the work. This was true of me 20 years ago, when I became Governor of New York. It is not and cannot be true of me now."

"For the last four years my whole life has been absorbed in the consideration of the tremendous problems, national and international, created by the war. I have thought of them and dwelt on them in my mind to the exclusion of all other subjects, even the domestic problems of this great State, deeply though I appreciate the vital importance of these problems.

"My work is for the men who are fighting in this war. My mind dwells continually on the problems of the war, on the international problems of the peace which is to close and justify the war, and on the tremendous problems, social and industrial, with which we shall be faced after the war is ended. This being so, the very fact of my intense appreciation of the magnitude of the interest with which the Governor of New York State must deal forbids my undertaking a task to which I could not bring the whole of whatever strength and thought and ability I possess.

"Again assuring you of my very great appreciation and with very real regret, I am faithfully yours,

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

The message follows:

"Dear Mr. Lewis: I am very genuinely touched by the spirit of your request and I need hardly say how much I appreciate the honor you do me, but I cannot be a candidate for nor accept the nomination for Governor of New York.

"The position of Governor in any state, and especially in this great and most populous State, is one of the very highest consequence, and there is no man in the United States who ought not to feel honored to have the chance of filling it. But the duties of the place are not only of the highest importance, but are also very exacting and onerous and demand all of any man's time and energy, and whoever occupies the place should devote himself wholeheartedly to the work and, therefore, his heart and soul and brain should

be wholeheartedly in the work. This was true of me 20 years ago, when I became Governor of New York. It is not and cannot be true of me now."

"For the last four years my whole life has been absorbed in the consideration of the tremendous problems, national and international, created by the war. I have thought of them and dwelt on them in my mind to the exclusion of all other subjects, even the domestic problems of this great State, deeply though I appreciate the vital importance of these problems.

"My work is for the men who are fighting in this war. My mind dwells continually on the problems of the war, on the international problems of the peace which is to close and justify the war

today's session, stated for the committee during the calendar year last income reported by Hill reach \$10,000,000—individuals \$7,000,000—session of the committee discussed the questions, credits and expenses will remain, he said, present law.

## U.S. WOUNDED GLAD THEY GOT A CHANCE AT THE GERMANS

Men Arriving in Paris Hospitals Are in Fine Spirits and Agree That Offensive Was No Surprise.

### MANY STORIES OF TEUTON TREACHERY

One Party Surrendered Then Unstrapped Machine Gun—Foe Plans for Unnoticed Retirement Wrecked.

BY WILLIAM COOK, Special Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

PARIS, July 22.—American soldiers who have participated in recent battles, some in holding the ground advance, and others in the counter-attack launched by Gen. Mangin, are arriving at the Paris hospitals. These men, like their comrades who fought in the first Marne battle of this year, are in the finest spirits and only too eager to get back into battle.

They all admit they had a better chance than did the first lot of wounded which passed through Military Hospital No. 1, for they have had a chance of seeing the Germans and fighting them.

All the American wounded agree that Ludendorff's offensive was not a surprise for the French and American headquarters received information several days previously that the enemy meant to attack. One artilleryman said his battery was given an order to fire on the German positions on Sunday night, a few hours before the attack started.

#### Cowardice of Germans.

Some of the men tell stories of German decapitation and cowardice. One infantryman came across a bunch of Germans who had thrown up their arms and cried, "Morde." While the infantryman took counsel with some of his chums as to the best way of getting the men to the rear, one tall German unstrapped a light machine gun from his back and fired on the Americans. It is needless to say that this German won't ever see the Fatherland again. Any German who played such tricks was shown no mercy whatever.

One tall New Yorker told how the Germans, mostly young boys about 17 and some even younger, gave themselves up in order to get food. They would look down to the ground and enviously eye pieces of bread which had fallen from the supply wagons into the mud. When first confronted with American troops the youngsters would offer anything that they might be spared. Nervousness and fright were written all over their faces.

Prussian Guardsmen would give in because they did not like American bayonets. One Sergeant gave a description of how the Germans, masquerading in French and American uniforms, tried to approach the allied lines shouting "gas." Our men might have taken in had not the presence of one or two officers' spiked helmets given the game away. Volleys fired from 50 yards rang out. The Germans went helter skelter back or were shot down. One German officer dressed in an American uniform and speaking fluent English, came to the American lines and asked what companies held that position. He got muddled, however, when asked the password. He was shot.

#### Wrecked Retirement Plan.

French officials report laconically the retirement of the Germans across the Marne, making no mention of how the troops retired nor of the difficulties encountered. Eyewitnesses, describing the retirement, say the Germans made careful preparations to retire during Friday night. Everything had been well camouflaged. Huge smoke clouds were sent up to hide bridges from the allied airmen. But the latter, flying low, discovered the pontoons and immediately bombed and machine-gunned the men who were camouflaging.

Thousands of enemy troops lost their lives during the first crossing of the Marne, and last week thousands lost their lives during that retreat. Even before they crossed the river they had suffered terrific bombardment from the French guns placed on wooded heights overlooking the river. The ground to the South of the Marne, which the French now have retaken, literally was strewn with German corpses.

Details of the battle are now being received which show how careful the counter-offensive was prepared and planned by Gens. Foch, Petain and their headquarters staff. The objectives were given to offices and men less than 10 minutes before the offensive was launched. Eleven minutes after the French-American troops had gone over the top the first batch of 50 prisoners—it was an important one—reached the rear French lines.

At one point the French came upon an enemy division relieving a tired division in the line. Slight confusion to the German positions resulted in hundreds of Germans being marched back as prisoners.

In the Saconin Ravine the allied

We Sell Butterick Patterns

# Nugents

### Pretty Voile Blouses

\$1.00

Formerly \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2.00. A vast collection of over twenty-five models, including the simple tailored styles and the quainter semi-dress models. Plain and criss-cross voiles of white or a bit of color.

#### Georgette and Crepe de Chine Blouses

Formerly Up to \$4.00. White, flesh and suit shades in tailored or semi-modern embroidered and satin \$2.45 (Second Floor—Nugents.)

#### 39c Percale, 25c

2 to 5 yard lengths, white grounds—printed figures and stripes; 36 in. (Downstairs—Nugents.)

#### 50c White Goods, Yard, 25c

36-inch White Striped Voiles and figured Voiles, slightly soiled.

#### 35c Brown India Head Muslin, Yard, 25c

36 inches wide. (Main Floor—Nugents.)

#### Big Savings for Men Men's fine Summer Trousers, \$3.95

Men's Palm Beach Coat and Trousers ..... \$8.88

Young Men's High School Wool Suits ..... \$15.00

#### Men's Furnishings

Men's \$1.50, \$1.65, \$1.95 Shirts, \$1.00

Men's Oxford Woven Madras and Percale Shirts ..... \$1.45

Silk and Cotton Fiber and Satin in Stripe Shirts ..... \$1.95

Men's 50c Elastic Suspenders, 35c

Men's \$2.50 Crepe and Oxford Pajamas ..... \$1.95

Men's 50c Moire Four-in-Hand Ties ..... 29c

#### Men's \$2.50 to \$3.95

#### Straw Hats, \$1.45

Italian Leghorns, Panama and Sennits.

#### Men's \$1.00 and \$1.50

#### Silk Caps, 79c

Suitable for all out-door wear.

#### Men's Union Suits, 87c

Genuine Chalmers' Porosknit Union Suits, slightly irregular; all sizes.

#### Men's 75c Union Suits, 48c

Elastic waistband—nainsook athletic suits.

#### 39c and 50c Voiles, Yard, 25c

White Plaids and Striped Voiles; 38 inches wide, very sheer and fine—slightly soiled on edges.

#### 75c White Skirting, Yard, 39c

36-in. wide block patterns, slightly imperfect.

#### \$1.00 White Skirting, Yard, 59c

In large stripe effects. (Main Floor—Nugents.)

#### 50c Art Needlework, 27c

Stamped made-up Dresses, for children, with materials for working. (Fourth Floor—Nugents.)

#### Women's 75c Union Suits, 59c

Fine ribbed cotton, lace knee, crocheted yokes—sizes 5 and 6.

#### Women's 19c Vests, 15c

Fine ribbed cotton, taped neck. (Fourth Floor—Nugents.)

### Women's Finest Silk Hosiery

\$1.35

Qualities Made to Sell Up to \$2.00

A great sale of the best brand of Hose on the market; all first qualities, in black, white and colors, and black silk with white clocking.

Black Silk Hose; of medium weight; double soles, toes and high spiced heels; all silk; full fashioned, broken sizes, pair, \$1.35.

Black Silk Hose; with deep lace garter tops; double lace soles, toes and high spiced heels; also colored Hose; broken sizes; pair, \$1.35.

### Hair Treatments

are most necessary and beneficial during the dry summer months. Our Hair Goods Department makes a scientific study of hair troubles. A series of treatments and proper shampoo methods will put the hair in condition for Winter. Let us serve you. (Fourth Floor.)

### Send the Boys "Over There" Money, Candy, Tobacco, Outfittings Through Our "Overseas Service"

In connection with our Paris office we have arranged this service for relatives and friends of soldiers and sailors. Further details given by our "War Service Division." (Main Floor.)

The B. E. F. Shield (British Expeditionary Force) THE FIGHTER'S SAFEGUARD. Protection of men on the firing lines. A shield manufactured by a British factory—it weighs only 7 pounds and folds up compactly. The Shield is on display in our Military Shop. Leave orders for direct shipment from England to the front. (Third Floor—Nugents.)

Children's Hair Cutting, 15c

# Nugents

### \$3.95 & \$4.95 Wash Skirts

\$2.95

Never before at pre-inventory time have we shown such a complete collection of highly tailored Gabardine Skirts at this greatly reduced price.

The collection includes the smartest models with clever pockets and belts. \$2.45 and \$2.95 Skirts at \$1.49. Fine gabardine, waffle cloths and pliques, in dozens of modish styles. (Second Floor—Nugents.)

### \$10 Traveling Bags, at \$7.95

Genuine Cowhide Bags, also full leather lined, with inside pocket; have sewed on leather corners, brassed lock and claw catchers; size 18-in. (Third Floor—Nugents.)

### Women's Silk Hose, 97c

Made to sell for \$1.50; Novelty Hose, in various colorings; full fashioned; all sizes in lot, but not in every style. (Main Floor—Nugents.)

### \$2.35 Bleached Cotton Sheets, \$1.98

Extra long size 81x99, free from dressing.

### \$4.50 Pillows, Pair, \$3.90

Filled with new renovated feather, best striped ticking.

### Folding Cots, \$3.69

Hard maple frame, malleable hinged, inclined bed; extra strong woven wire, link fabric or canvas.

### Toilet Articles

25c Cream of Fresh Lemons, 15c Lotion for sunburn and freckles. 10c Bit Dye Soap ..... 7c 10c American Lady Hair Nets, cap or fringe style ..... 5c 5c 400-count Dressmakers' Pins, 3c

### \$1.50 Craig Fountain Pens, \$1.05

Self-filling, lever style, guaranteed to be perfect in every way, best pocket or regular sizes.

### Pre-Inventory Corset Sale, \$3.95

Made to sell up to \$12.50. Discontinued Gossard, Mae Lynn, La Vida, Bon Ton and Nemo—medium, low girdle tops, in silks, brocaded, broches, heavy coulisse. (Main and Fourth Floors.)

### Odd Pairs Curtains

Formerly \$1.00 to \$5.00 One-Half Price

Single pairs of Marquise, Net, Nottingham, Cluny, Voiles, Novelties, etc. (Second Floor.)

### Girls' \$3.95 Volle Dresses, \$2.95

Lovely sheer, colorful Dresses for better wear throughout the Summer; sizes 6 to 14.

### \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00 Silks, \$1.69

40c-Inch Crepe Meteors, 36-inch Fall Matinees, 40c-Inch Satin Cashmere, 36-inch Yo-Say Silks, 33-inch Shantung Silks, 36-inch Black Chiffon Satins, 36-inch Crepe Meteors, 36-inch Fall Matinees, 40c-Inch Satin Cashmere, 36-inch Yo-Say Silks, 33-inch Shantung Silks, 36-inch Black Chiffon Satins.

### \$7.95 and \$8.95 Dresses, \$3.95

Odds and ends in broken sizes for women and misses—attractive street models in various colorings—gingham, tissue and voiles. (Downstairs Store.)

### Two Great Lots of Women's Apparel

The Pre-Inventory Sale Sacrifices All Former Prices

\$9

Garments formerly \$19.50

A collection of single garments or two or three of a kind—high-grade fabrics, smart styles. Included are beautifully tailored Suits, Taffeta Dresses, Coats, Sleeveless Wool Jersey Jackets, Serge Capes.

\$10

Wash Dresses formerly as high as \$24.75

Beautiful Summer Dresses, fine white voiles and nets, with dainty trimmings. Colored linens, organdies, voiles and ginghams, in practical and dressy styles. To complete the Summer and for early Fall, these Dresses are unusually suitable.

### TOMORROW! We Begin That Great Sale of Men's and Women's Shoes

Comprising Our Purchases of the Stock of

# T.J. Reid Shoe Company

You have all read of the \$500,000 fire in which the building and stock of the Reid Shoe Co. was badly damaged by water. A great portion of the stock was not harmed in any manner whatsoever, and we purchased at a very low price thousands of pairs of shoes which are perfect in every particular.

And so, tomorrow, we begin the most noteworthy shoe selling event that the men and women of St. Louis have heard of in many years. Just think of buying women's Laird & Schober, Wichert & Gardiner and Grover Shoes at savings of 33 1/3 to 50%. And men! Some of the best-known makes in America are here for you to select from—and at great savings, too.

The following tells, very incompletely however, what may be expected in the various priced lots:

### Reid's Up to \$6.00 Plain \$2.80 and Novelty Pumps, Oxfords and Slippers

\$2.80

### Reid's Up to \$7.50 High and Low Footwear \$3.80 Best Known Makes

\$3.80

Wichert & Gardiner and La France makes (name and trade mark on soles).

This lot presents wide variety in plain Oxfords, patent leather pumps, strap slippers and dress Oxfords—tan calf and kid, as well as gunmetal pumps and street Oxfords. All hand-turned and sole soles. Sold by Reid's up to \$6.00 per pair. All sizes

## AUTO BREAKS HOTEL WINDOW

Machine Hits Wall of the Jefferson  
After Knocking Man Down.

Martin Payton of 3309 St. Vincent  
avenue, driving a motor truck of the  
Laclede Gaslight Co., after knocking  
down T. E. Sane, 40 years old, of  
3605 Paris avenue, at Twelfth and

Locust streets, yesterday afternoon,  
lost control of the truck and ran  
into the south wall of Hotel Jefferson,  
breaking a window. Sane was  
cut on the head.

Mrs. Nellie Hinckman, 42, 4152  
Arsenal street, was knocked down  
at 8 p. m. by an automobile driven  
by Frank Kara, 4300 Arsenal street.

near the Arsenal street gate of Tow-  
er Grove Park. She was cut on the  
head.

The young man who prefers to  
"board in a private room" or other  
young man, find out such a place  
by sending a board wanted ad ac-  
cordingly and sending it to the Post-  
Dispatch through the nearest drug  
store.

610-612  
Washington  
Avenue

**Sonnenfeld's**

L. ACKERMAN, Manager

"The House  
of  
Courtesy"

## Announcing

The Arrival of Many Clever Advance Fall Conceptions in  
Wool Jersey and Satin Frocks  
\$19.75 to \$89.50

## Final CLEARAWAY Prior to Inventory

We "take stock" Saturday. This will explain our anxiety  
to get rid of all Summer goods. It also explains  
these extraordinary reductions.



### GEORGETTE Dresses —Flesh —White

Were priced as high  
as \$50

**\$17**

Good Georgette material is worth about  
\$3.50 a yard—it takes 5 yards for a dress. So  
the net cost of any Georgette dress is \$17.50  
without adding the expense of designing,  
making, the findings, the trimmings, the  
incidentally—or any profit for the maker or the  
retailer.

These are plain facts, not fiction—they  
will indicate why it is worth while buying  
NOW—for next year even.

### WHITE Silk Skirts

### WHITE Gabardines

Pre-Inventory  
offer of values  
to \$7.95

**\$3.95**

and just think! The material  
alone is worth more than  
the sales price. Buy for the  
future, as well as present wear.

### Final— Coats & Suits

Every midseason model  
reduced at least one-half

Four final groups at

**\$10—\$15**  
**—\$20—\$25**

### MILLINERY

Getting rid of Summer  
styles before the Inventory

Summer Sport Hats

Entire stock—were priced as  
high as \$10—to close out,

**\$1** & **\$2**

Georgette Hats  
White and pink.

Also Satin Hats  
About 120  
in the lot—  
to close out....

**\$3.00**

### JOHN G. MCNAIR JR.

### WEDS IN BOONVILLE

St. Louis Married Today to  
Miss Helen Smith of Old  
Missouri Family.

THE wedding of John G. McNair  
Jr. of St. Louis and Miss Helen  
Smith of Boonville, Mo., which  
took place this morning in Boonville,  
is one of the notable nuptial events  
of the summer, the prominence of  
both families throughout the State  
making it of more than usual interest.  
McNair is the son of Mr. and  
Mrs. John G. McNair of 18 Yale  
avenue, University City, and a nephew  
of Lilburn G. McNair and of Mrs.  
Paul Bakewell of St. Louis. He is a  
direct descendant of John McNair,  
first Governor of Missouri.

The bride is the daughter of Mr.  
and Mrs. Anthony Smith of Boone-  
ville, and belongs to one of the oldest  
Missouri families.

The marriage took place in the  
Church of SS. Peter and Paul at 8  
o'clock, and was attended by friends  
and relatives from St. Louis, Kansas  
City, St. Joseph and Jefferson City.

Among the St. Louisans present  
were Mr. and Mrs. John G. McNair  
and their son, Frederick B. McNair,  
Mrs. Richard C. Meek of Houston,  
Tex., who was Miss Mildred McNair,  
a sister of the bridegroom, and Misses  
Marie and Nancy Bakewell.

After a short wedding journey Mr.  
McNair will take his bride to St. Jo-  
seph, Mo., where they will reside.  
They will be at home after Aug. 1 at  
1027 Farson street, St. Joseph.

### Social Items

Misses Jane and Virginia Rodgers  
of Mexico, Mo., and Miss Verna Day  
of Mobley, Mo., are guests of Miss  
Ruth Kelso, daughter of Mr. and  
Mrs. L. R. Kelso of 5744 Gates ave-  
nue.

Mrs. A. G. Wichman of 124 South  
Jefferson avenue departed yesterday  
for Gratiot Beach, Mich., where she  
will spend the remainder of the summer.  
Mrs. Wichman has gone to his  
new station at Camp Grant, Ill.,  
where he will remain until ordered to  
France. He is a member of the Medical  
Reserve Corps.

News has been received in St.  
Louis of the engagement of Miss  
Genevieve Williamson of Washington,  
D. C., and Timothy M. Cremens  
of Quincy, Mass., which was an-  
nounced in Washington last week.  
Miss Williamson is a niece of Charles  
Biddleman of 220 Lindell boule-  
vard, and he has been a frequent visitor  
at her uncle's home. She has many  
friends in St. Louis. No date for the  
wedding is announced.

Miss Virginia Thornton Beall,  
daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James M.  
Beall of Cincinnati, who has been  
visiting Mrs. Marie Paul Fuzz de  
Penaloza in Ferguson, has departed  
for her home. Miss Beall and her  
parents formerly lived in St. Louis  
and Miss Beall came to this city to  
make her formal bow to society two  
seasons ago. She has been much en-  
tained during her visit with Mrs.  
Penaloza.

Mr. and Mrs. O. P. Blackstad of  
1246 Amherst place, who have been  
staying at the Hamilton Hotel while  
their residence has been undergoing  
repairs, are again at home.

The Rev. Francis W. Russell and  
Mrs. Russell, with their young  
daughter, Jeanne, of 5848 Maple  
avenue, are spending the months of  
July and August at Boulder, Colo.,  
the guests of Mrs. Russell's mother,  
Mrs. Stone.

The marriage of Miss India  
Blanche Welch and Dr. R. C. Park-  
hill was solemnized at the Statler  
Hotel, Saturday evening, at 8:30  
o'clock. Dr. Luther E. Todd, presid-  
ing elder of the St. Louis District M.  
E. Church, South, officiating. Only  
immediate relatives and friends were  
present. Dr. Parkhill and his bride  
departed Sunday evening for Hills-  
boro, Ill.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Gratiot Cabanne  
and their daughter, Miss May Cabanne,  
of 4931 McPherson avenue, expect to  
depart the end of the month for a  
fortnight's visit to Quiver Beach, Ill.

Mrs. Warner Sherman McCall of  
5501 Waterman avenue has returned  
from New York. She went to bid  
good-by to her son, Owen McCall, at  
Mineola, L. I., before his departure  
for overseas.

Mrs. Sam B. Cook of Jefferson  
City is the guest of Mrs. Morton  
Jourdan of the Netherby Hall apart-  
ments.

### Something You Should Have While Away

Before leaving for your summer  
vacation order from the POST-DISPATCH  
set to your summer home. It will  
be mailed you regularly if you give  
your order to your carrier, or notify  
us by telegram or letter if more  
convenient—Olive or Central 6800.  
POST-DISPATCH Circulation De-  
partment.

### U. S. WOUNDED GLAD THEY GOT A CHANCE AT THE GERMANS

Continued From Preceding Page.

troops captured numerous guns,  
some of which they turned on the re-  
treating foe. Others are yet to be  
counted. The woods, instead of be-  
ing captured by the usual frontal at-  
tack were surrounded, the enemy  
groups inside suffering heavy cas-  
ualties from the French fire.

Some of these small woods were  
covered with machine gun nests and

### FORMER RESIDENT WHO WAS HERE ON VISIT



GERHARD SISTERS PORTRAIT...

Miss Virginia Thornton Beall

came up he was found safe and  
well.

French military circles reckon that  
the battle will rage many more days

and that important and perhaps de-  
cisive events may be expected this  
week on the British front. It is  
noticeable the way the British forces  
said to be absolutely ready.

recently have been raiding enemy po-  
sitions, while the latter remain quiet,  
though Prince Rupprecht's army is  
said to be absolutely ready.

**Steinberg's**  
OLIVE AT TENTH

Unreserved Choice—

**Any Skirt in the Store  
Any Blouse in the Store**

**1/2** Price

### The Skirts—

A complete selection of silk  
and Wash Skirts of Baronet  
satin, tub satin and silk, taffeta,  
Georgette, crepe de chine, organ-  
die, gabardine, tricotine, needle-  
cord, etc.

Regular prices \$5 to \$25  
—at Half Price

### The Blouses—

A brilliant assemblage of mid-  
season fashions. Exquisite  
Georgettes, Crepe de Chines,  
sheer Voiles, Organies, Batiste  
and Lingerie Waists of all  
kinds.

Regular prices \$5 to \$25  
—at Half Price



Purifies  
Highly  
Antiseptic.  
Used as a curative  
agent for all external  
skin troubles. Conceals  
permanent blemishes and  
reduces unnatural  
color. Ideal for correcting  
greasy skins.

Gouraud's  
Oriental Cream

Send 10c for Trial Size  
FRED. T. HOPKINS & SON, New York

**MURAD**  
TURKISH CIGARETTES  
ARE MADE ESPECIALLY FOR THE  
DISCRIMINATING AND EXPERIENCED  
SMOKER OF HIGH GRADE  
TURKISH CIGARETTES

The blending  
is exceptional

*Margyros*  
CORPORATION

MAKERS OF THE HIGHEST GRADE TURKISH AND  
EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES IN THE WORLD

**20  
Cents**

They are just  
like meeting  
your Best Girl  
face to face.

REMEMBER—There are no  
others like your "B. G."

### This Leaves the Skin Free From Hairy Growths

(Toilet Talk.)  
A simple method for completely re-  
moving every trace of hair or fuzz  
from the skin. This salve contains  
a single treatment will banish even stub-  
bles and will not irritate the skin. It  
makes a thick paste with some powdered  
talc and water, spread on hairy surface  
and rub in. It will not run, will not  
harm the skin and the hairs are gone. This  
salve does not mar the skin, but to  
avoid disappointment, be certain you get  
Salve—*ALCOHOL*.

### IMPOVERISHED MEN AND WOMEN

Quickly Regain Health, Strength,  
Energy, and Ability by Taking  
3-Grade Cadmium Tablets.  
The Very Best Tonic.  
Sold by All Druggists.  
ADVERTISEMENT.

City News in Brief  
ANNOUNCEMENT  
The Tank Corps recruiting  
829 North Grand avenue, has  
served a call for the enlistment  
of first-class shoe repairers. The  
age between the ages of 18 a  
and physically and mentally qu

Mid  
Wednesday  
Choice

This extre  
gram of ch  
and we w  
Any Spring  
(Blue serges ex  
poplins and Del  
Jersey Sport Su  
travel, resort an  
Take your choi

Any Spring  
Priced heretofore  
Dress, none rese  
None worth the  
take your choi

Notice!

Midsum  
All Fine Wash  
our regular stock

Values to \$2.95  
**\$1.85**

Voiles and Organies  
These waists are all  
fresh and clean and in  
every style wanted for  
any occasion. Square  
round yoke—many new  
ming effects of button  
lace.

Bath  
Nothing reserved  
knitted and beach  
started should ape

Up to \$8.50  
Up to \$4.95  
Up to \$2.95

Up to \$8.50  
Up to \$4.95  
Up to \$2.95

Up to \$8.50  
Up to \$4.95  
Up to \$2.95

been raiding enemy posts.  
The latter remain quiet.  
Ruppert's army is  
absolutely ready.

## City News in Brief

## ANNOUNCEMENTS

The Tank Corps recruiting office, 111 North Grand avenue, has received a call for the enlistment of 20 men—class shoe repairers. They must be between the ages of 18 and 40, and physically and mentally qualified.

to be soldiers. Those accepted will be sent to Camp Colt, Gettysburg, Pa., which is the training headquarters for the Tank Corps.

Mayor Kiel will make an address at the opening of the new Fox Public Playground, Victor street and Iowa avenue, tonight at 7:30 o'clock. Park Commissioner Cunliff, Director of Public Welfare Schmoll, G. A. Buder and George Fox will also speak. The Fremont and St. Francis de Sales School drum and bugle corps will head the parade at the opening of

the ceremonies. The Fourteenth Ward Welfare Association will be in charge of the program.

A marine recruiting meeting will be held tonight in Central High School auditorium, beginning at 7:30 o'clock, under auspices of the Marine Corps League. Men between 18 and 36 are invited to attend, and hear about the service. Lieut. Turin and Miss Blanche Renard of the home service section of the Red Cross will speak.

The ladies of the Baptist churches

began a week's campaign in the sale of Thirft Stamps and War Savings Stamps at the War Savings booth at the "Little White House" yesterday under the direction of Mrs. Louis J. Brooks of the War Board of Religious Organizations. Demonstrations will be held at noon every day this week except Saturday.

In the list of commissions issued at Washington yesterday appears the names of Albert Lafayette Herrel of Grand and Park avenues, as First Lieutenant, Medical Corps, and Jonah Larsson, 1225 Dillon street, as Second Lieutenant, National Army.

Employees of the five Hamilton-Brown shoe factories in St. Louis will have a picnic next Saturday at Ramona Park, as guests of the company.

The Rev. F. Dieckman, pastor of St. Andrew's Catholic Church, and the Rev. B. S. A. Stolte, assistant pastor of the Catholic Church of Our Lady of Sorrows, have resigned to become army chaplains. Ten other priests in St. Louis are ready to depart, as chaplains.

A special call for the enlistment of men with steam, civil or electrical engineering experience was received yesterday by Lieut. F. M. Wilson, in charge of the navy recruiting office in St. Louis. Lieut. Wilson said applicants who are accepted will be sent to schools for further training and if they qualify they will be commissioned according to their proficiency.

The Salvation Army War Fund Campaign for \$75,000 in St. Louis, will be sponsored by the Local No. 9, Benevolent and protective Order of Elks. The intensive drive will begin Saturday, August 10, and end Saturday August 17. The Grand Exalted Ruler, Bruce Campbell, of East St. Louis, endorsed the action of the Board of Governors of Local No. 9, and will speak in behalf of the work of the Salvation Army in France and in the army camps and cantonments in this country.

Oscar B. Franz of 4650 Pope avenue, driving an automobile truck at Nineteenth and Hebert streets yesterday afternoon, dodged a southbound Lee car and was hit by a northbound Lee car. His truck was wrecked and he and John H. Berkholz of 3355 Nebraska avenue, who was riding with him, were cut and bruised.

Daniel Schlachter of 3015 McNair avenue told the police that a boy whom he sent to a bank yesterday with \$12 to pay on a \$50 Liberty Bond had not only failed to pay the money, but had sold the bond to the bank for \$28 and had run away with the money.

A burglar yesterday afternoon looted the home of the Rev. Thomas E. Green, 1223 Tyler street, discarded a shabby gray suit and helped himself to a blue serge outfit belonging to the minister. He also took a watch, penknife and \$6.

Jewelry and clothing valued at \$225 were reported stolen yesterday in burglaries at the homes of Mrs. Martha Strotz, 3010 Caroline street; Henry Streiff, 4009 Olive street; Mrs. Henry Ratermann, 1437A Hamilton avenue, and Peter Doty, 1016 High street.

Police last night raided a crap game in a room at 409 North Levee and arrested 34 negroes. Several sets of dice and \$2.40 were confiscated.

John Niedling of 1421 Dillon street last night complained to the police that two of his shade trees had been killed by bullets fired from cat rifles by boys in the neighborhood.

Mrs. Arthur M. Idler encountered three men yesterday afternoon as she entered her apartment at 322 North Boyle avenue. One of the men pointed a revolver at her and threatened to shoot if she did not stand aside. They escaped.

Arresto Costello of Springfield, Mo., has asked the police here to look for his sister, Rose Costello, 15 years old, a gypsy, who, he said, had run away from Springfield with two Gypsies.

John Smith of Mont Ridge, Kan., told the police that a man with whom he spent the afternoon yesterday drinking at Seventh and Market streets had taken \$50 from him.

Raymond Brown, 30 years old, of 3717 Delmar boulevard, was shot in the left side last night in the saloon of Thomas Lavin, 4001 Easton avenue, by Edward Duffy, 30, of 2405 North Sarah street, the bartender. Duffy, when arrested, said Brown had attacked him when he interfered in a fight between Brown and Frank Freel of 3915 St. Ferdinand avenue, and that he shot in self-defense.

A man who said he was Elmer Henderson, 35 years old, of Kansas City, was arrested last night at Sixteenth and Chestnut streets when attempting to start a touring car. A man who was with him ran away. The license tag on the car—\$210—had been taken for a roadster to C. K. Birdsell of Kansas City. Henderson said the touring car had been driven from Kansas City by his companion. He admitted having deserted from the army June 24 at Fort Riley.

George Isaac, 32, of 904 La Salle street, was arrested last night on complaint of Joseph Kator, 407 Cerre street, who told the police Isaac had given him four counterfeit \$10 bills in a dice game. John Daw, 519 South Broadway, told the police Isaac had given him five bogus \$10 bills. Isaac had no counterfeit money in his possession when arrested and a search of his room

failed to produce any evidence that he was engaged in counterfeiting.

put in the road between Belleville and Mascoutah, Ill.

An inventory filed yesterday of the estate of Austin F. Miller, 4332 Delmar boulevard, a manufacturer's agent, who died June 20, listed personal property valued at \$118,376.54, together with the residence.

Lester Jamison, 23 years old, of 3836 Wyoming street, a soldier in the Engineers' Corps, was found by a milk wagon driver under a porch at the home of Dr. Charles L. Schwartz, 3629 Humphrey street, early today. There was a cut on his throat and a burn on his arm and he was without hat, shoes or socks. He was taken to the city hospital.

Elmer Kiel Goes to U. S. Camp. Elmer A. Kiel, 23 years old, eldest son of Mayor Kiel, departed last night for Gettysburg, Pa., for training in the tank service. He was accompanied to the station by his parents and several friends. He is married. Clarence, the Mayor's other son, enlisted in the army last winter.

## CHICAGO SEES HEAT RELIEF

By the Associated Press

CHICAGO, July 23.—Cooler weather predicted for today, with possible rain, was expected to check the heat wave yesterday, which resulted in the death of four persons and seven prostrations. Officially

the mercury registered 90 as its highest mark, but street thermometers ranged between 95 and 100.

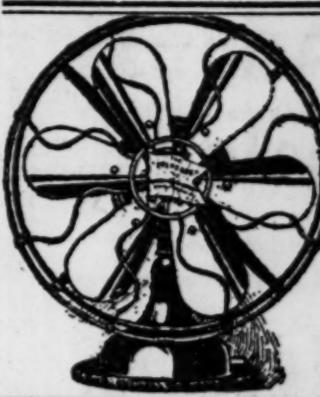
Gus Haenchen Enlists in Navy. W. Gus Haenchen, orchestra leader and composer, has enlisted in the navy, and will report at a Brooklyn engineering school for training Aug. 1.

## Electric Fans

## SPECIAL LOW PRICES

Special 8-inch Fan	\$5.50
Emerson, Osc., 10-inch	\$18.25
12-inch Straight Fan	\$15.00
12-inch Oscillator	\$21.00
16-inch Oscillator	\$25.00

Cent. 1958  
Sennex  
COMPANY  
7th and St. Charles  
Olive 1958



# Garland's Midsummer Sales

Wednesday's Offerings Are Extraordinary  
Choice of Dresses and Suits  
Priced Heretofore to \$35.00



This extreme underpricing is a necessary part of our program of closing out all Spring and Summer merchandise, and we want to close them out as quickly as possible.

## Any Spring or Summer Suit

(Blue serges excepted) goes at this small price. Tan and gray serges, wool poplins and Delhi, any silk taffeta Suit, any silk crepe Sport Suit, any wool Jersey Sport Suit, and they run mostly in the light shades so popular for travel, resort and sport wear, whether the former price was \$20, \$25 or \$35. Take your choice now for \$10.

## Any Spring or Summer Dress

Priced heretofore up to \$35; any Voile Dress, any Silk, any Organdie or Net Dress, none reserved; Dresses for street, afternoon, evening, town or country. None are worth less than \$20.00, and whether priced heretofore \$20, \$25 or \$35, take your choice in Wednesday's sale for \$10.

**Notice!** No phone orders, no approvals. Select carefully as to color, style and size, as none can be returned for credit or exchange.

## Close-Out of Skirts

## Silk Skirts, Worth to \$20

Crepe de chine, Georgette, silk poplin, Baronne satin, light and dark colors, all in one lot, choice

**\$7.95**

## Washable White Skirts

Gabardine, pique, vesting and beach cloth, about 200 in all; values up to \$3.95. Choices to close out

**\$1.98**

## Midsummer Blouse Close-Out

All Fine Wash Waists reduced—many are new arrivals, others taken from our regular stock, will be placed on sale Wednesday in three special lots:

Values to \$2.95

**\$1.85**

## Voiles and Organdies

These Waists are all new, fresh and clean and include every style wanted for most any occasion. Square and round yoke—many new trimming effects of buttons and lace.

Values to \$3.95

**\$2.65**

## Voiles and Organdies

In this lot the values are exceptional and include the new and round neck and pin tucked models.

Many styles to select from. All new arrivals and are real values. Every style is new. All sizes.

Values to \$4.95

**\$3.95**

## Fine Voiles, Sheer Organ-

ties

These are all very fine Waists.

All new arrivals and are real values. Every style is new. All sizes.

## Bathing Suit Close-Out

Nothing reserved; this takes in all the fine Silk and Panne Velvet Suits, as well as knitted and beach cloth. Such reductions as these when the bathing season is only started should appeal to all women who give thought to economy.

**Up to \$8.90 Knitted Bathing Suits . . . \$4.95**

**Up to \$4.95 Beach Cloth Bathing Suits, \$2.98**

**Up to \$2.98 Beach Cloth Bathing Suits, 98c**

**Up to \$39.50 Taffeta Silk and  
Panne Velvet Bathing Suits . . . \$10**

Up to 69c Shoes . . . 25c | Up to 59c Caps . . . 15c | Up to 98c Tights . . . 49c

THOMAS W. GARLAND 409-11-13 Broadway

606-608 Washington Avenue,  
Thru to Sixth Street

# Kline's PRE-INVENTORY SALE

St. Louis Kansas City Detroit  
Cincinnati Cleveland

In just one week we take our season's invoice. Stocks must be reduced to a minimum before this time, so we have marked our merchandise down to where it must appeal to all who wish to save. Space does not permit listing more than a few of the many bargains.

## DRESSES

Up to \$5 Wash Dresses—voiles, gingham, organdies, lawns, etc., all marked for quick clearance

**\$2.95**

Up to \$35 Wash Dresses—your unrestricted choice of any Wash Dress in our entire stock, all go

**\$7.95**

Up to \$22.50 Silk Dresses—Georgettes, crepe de chines, taffetas and silk gingham; sacrificed for this event

**\$9.75**

Up to \$40 Silk Dresses—choose from the very finest of Summer's Silk Dresses; all decisively reduced

**\$19.75**

## SUITS

A limited quantity of Silk Suits marked for immediate clearance; models made to sell up to \$25

**\$7.95**

Up to \$35 Silk Suits—Models of fine taffeta, and other popular silks; newest styles and colorings; for this sale

**\$12.95**

Any Silk Suit in the house—all go regardless of former prices; fine Linen Suits and Wool Jersey Suits also included

**\$15.00**

## COATS

Up to \$15 Coats—just 18 of these bargains; Silk Coats, Cloth Coats and Silk Coatees; while they last

**\$3.95**

Up to \$19.75 Cloth Coats—a limited quantity of these Coats; good for now and early Fall wear; wonderful values

**\$9.75**

Choice of any Silk Coat in the house—take your choice of the entire stock; also high-class silk-and-wool Jersey Sweaters

**\$15.00**

## Children's Wear

Girls' \$1.95 and \$2.95 Dresses—of gingham, lawn and figured crepe; sizes 6 to 12 years

**\$1.29**

\$3.95 to \$7.95 Dresses—of chambray, gingham and voiles; sizes 6 to 12; wonderful values for this sale

**\$2.39**

## FOOTWEAR

\$6 Shoes and Colonials—smartest Summer footwear of white linen; Colonials and high Shoes; turn soles; covered heels; a Pre-Inventory special of utmost importance

**\$4.95**

## WAISTS

Regular \$1 Waists—Lace trimmed and embroidered voiles, slightly mussed from handling; while the lot lasts

No Republican Ticket in Arkansas.  
By the Associated Press.  
LITTLE ROCK, Ark., July 28.—State ticket in the Arkansas election this fall, it is announced by H. L. Remmel, acting chairman of the Republican party, will have no public State Central Committee.

## Final Week Swope's Annual July Sale

Men's Fine Summer Footwear  
Reduced as Follows:

Any Pair of  
"Banister" 10 Per Cent  
Oxfords Discount  
None Reserved

Men's \$6.50 to \$8.50 White  
Buck Oxfords—leather and rubber soles. Broken lines. \$5.85

ALL Men's \$6.50 to \$7.50 Black Calf Oxfords. \$5.85

ALL Men's \$5.50 and \$6 Black Calf Oxfords. \$4.75

Men's \$5, \$5.50 and \$6 Tan Russia Calf Oxfords—broken lines. \$4.75

**Swope**  
Shoe Co.  
OLIVE AT 10<sup>th</sup> ST.

Wednesday's Specials—Buy War Savings Stamps

Important Clearance Sale  
Higher Priced Dresses  
Presenting Unparalleled Opportunities



### Soft, Cool, Diaphanous Summer Fabrics

Sheer, attractive new Summer frocks—fashioned with new tunics, coatee effects, surplice and Quaker modes, guimpe models.

Organdy collars and cuffs, leather belts, novelty buttons, dainty lace trimmings, ruffles, plaids and tucks.

\$5.98

A Selected Assortment  
285 Fine White Wash Skirts

Reduced for Closing Out

Taken from our famous \$2.50 and \$2.98 assortments—smart, well tailored sport and street tub skirts. Gabardines, poplins, piques, reps, novelty fabrics.

\$1.50

No Charge for Alterations

At the  
New

**Bedell**

Fashion  
Shop

Washington Ave. at 7th Street

Plans for Ukrainian Army.  
By the Associated Press.

AMSTERDAM, July 23.—According to a Kiev dispatch received here the first step has been taken in the formation of a Ukrainian army. For the present 5000 recruits will be raised by conscription of youths born in 1899. Volunteers between the ages of 18 and 25 will be admitted. The period of service in the infantry and artillery is to be two years and in the other arms of the service three. The levy will take place July 31.

### JUICE OF LEMONS FOR SUNBURN, TAN

Girls! Make bleaching lotion if skin is sunburned, tanned or freckled—Cheap to fix. Try it!

Squeeze the juice of two lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of Orchard White, shake well, and you have a quarter pint of the best freckle, sunburn and tan lotion, and complexion beautifier, at very, very small cost.

Your grocer has the lemons and any drug store or toilet counter will supply three ounces of Orchard White in a few cuts. Massage this sweetly fragrant lotion into the face, neck, and hands each day and see how freckles, sunburn, windburn and tan disappear and how clear, soft and white the skin becomes. Yes! It is harmless.—ADV.

#### CONTRIBUTIONS.

Previously acknowledged... \$1,474 65  
Show, 4800 Maffett avenue. 10 35  
Show, 3213 Kossuth avenue 6 80  
Show, 4724 Newberry terrace. 12 51  
Lemonade stand, Grand Concourse stand, Grand Concourse. 15 25  
Collection. 16 00  
Lemonade stand, 3005A Magazine street. 1 25  
Show, 5611 Maple avenue 18 00  
Show, 4000 Russell avenue 6 51

Total. \$1,555 42

Miss Susan Barnes of 6312 Washington boulevard and associates, who last year presented "The Toy Shop" so successfully for the benefit of the Post-Dispatch Pure Milk and Free Ice Fund, will produce another play Thursday night, on a lawn at 6307 Westminster place, to help the babies. The title of the play is "What Can I Do?" and the performance will start at 8:30 o'clock. The children who will participate are organized this year as the University City Chapter of the Children's Loyalty League of America and the affair is under the auspices of the chapter.

Seven affairs for the Milk and Ice Fund were reported yesterday. One was a show at 5611 Maple avenue, on July 19, that earned \$18. The following children, all living in the 5600 block on Maple, participated: Mary Clark, Helen Boyles, Elba and Virginia Butts, Hampton, Bud and Adahlyne Nesh, Lee Ellis, Jack and Dorothy Gaskins, Gay Teasdale, Billy Singleton, Elizabeth and Sylvia Skelton, Paul and Jeanne McCune, May Bell and Virginia McConkey and Frost Bourland.

Eight children conducted a lemonade stand in front of the gasoline filling station at Grand avenue and Connecticut street and earned \$16.25. The workers were Rae, Meyer and Leo Frank, Mabel Krollman, Harriet Smith, Goldie and Jeanette Schwabe and Sheridan Short.

A show consisting of recitations, dancing and singing numbers was given at 4724 Newberry terrace, July 20. All but one of the children taking part live on Newberry terrace. With their street numbers, they are: Henrietta Racine, 4717; Mabel Cohen, 4730A; Ethel Smith, 4718A; Belle Gerber, 4724; George Cohen, 4730; Burton Cohen, 4730A; Shalben Basken, 4733. The other participant was Marian Fisher, 4713 Vernon avenue. The receipts were \$12.51.

Misses Audrey Roessberger, 3612 Palm street; Rosemary and Katherine Repetto, 3532A North Grand avenue, and Nelda Roessberger, 3612 Palm, earned \$10 among friends.

Children living in the 4000 block on Russell avenue gave a show July 2 that earned \$6.51. They were: Catherine Adams, Marguerite Bolton, Helen Deveny, Frances and Charles Ernst, Junior, Jack and Merle Keightley, Catherine Robey and Hilma Otto.

Another show at 3213 Kossuth avenue brought in \$6.80. Evelyn Heile, 3213A Kossuth; Florence and Edward Neals, 3221 Kossuth; Lorraine and Raymond Linehan, 2213 Kossuth, and Ruth Leah, 3213 Kossuth, gave the show, and sold ice cream afterward.

A lemonade stand at 3005A Magazine street that yielded \$1.35 was conducted by Sophie and Evelyn Goblinger, 3005 Magazine and May Bogas, 3031 Magazine street.

#### COMING BENEFITS FOR MILK AND ICE FUND

Wednesday, July 24.—"In the Shadow of the Moon," Lindell Theater, direction Miss Sadie Friedlloch.

Thursday, July 25.—"What Can I Do," 6307 Westminster place, by children of Loyalty League of America.

Saturday, July 27 and Monday, July 29.—"Runmagine sale" 619 Franklin avenue.

Saturday, Aug. 17.—Aquatic carnival, Sunset Hill Country Club.

#### DRAFTED MEN MAY BE TRIED

Court-martials of St. Louisans Who Raided Saloons Being Considered. Special to the Post-Dispatch.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., July 23.—Court-martials proceedings for virtually every St. Louis man in three coaches of a troop train from St. Louis to Camp Pike are under contemplation, but no action has been decided upon, the Judge Advocate's office at Camp Pike said today.

Occupants of the cars, while the train was stopped at Poplar Bluff, Mo., raided saloons and stores, it is charged.

### LOYALTY LEAGUE SHOW TO HELP THE BABIES

Miss Susan Barnes and Associates to Present Play Thursday Night in University City.

#### NO MORE MILK AND ICE FUND PICTURES

BECAUSE of economies ordered by the Government to conserve print paper, resulting in a decrease in news space, the Post-Dispatch regretfully announces that it can no longer publish pictures of Milk and Ice Fund workers.

The names of workers and accounts of affairs which they give will be printed as usual.

It is hoped the children will appreciate that this announcement is a necessity and not a choice, and will continue to give their co-operation to "Save the Babies."

#### CONTRIBUTIONS.

Previously acknowledged... \$1,474 65  
Show, 4800 Maffett avenue. 10 35  
Show, 3213 Kossuth avenue 6 80  
Show, 4724 Newberry terrace. 12 51  
Lemonade stand, Grand Concourse stand, Grand Concourse. 15 25  
Collection. 16 00  
Lemonade stand, 3005A Magazine street. 1 25  
Show, 5611 Maple avenue 18 00  
Show, 4000 Russell avenue 6 51

Total. \$1,555 42

Miss Susan Barnes of 6312 Washington boulevard and associates, who last year presented "The Toy Shop" so successfully for the benefit of the Post-Dispatch Pure Milk and Free Ice Fund, will produce another play Thursday night, on a lawn at 6307 Westminster place, to help the babies.

The title of the play is "What Can I Do?" and the performance will start at 8:30 o'clock. The children who will participate are organized this year as the University City Chapter of the Children's Loyalty League of America and the affair is under the auspices of the chapter.

Seven affairs for the Milk and Ice Fund were reported yesterday. One was a show at 5611 Maple avenue, on July 19, that earned \$18. The following children, all living in the 5600 block on Maple, participated: Mary Clark, Helen Boyles, Elba and Virginia Butts, Hampton, Bud and Adahlyne Nesh, Lee Ellis, Jack and Dorothy Gaskins, Gay Teasdale, Billy Singleton, Elizabeth and Sylvia Skelton, Paul and Jeanne McCune, May Bell and Virginia McConkey and Frost Bourland.

Eight children conducted a lemonade stand in front of the gasoline filling station at Grand avenue and Connecticut street and earned \$16.25. The workers were Rae, Meyer and Leo Frank, Mabel Krollman, Harriet Smith, Goldie and Jeanette Schwabe and Sheridan Short.

A show consisting of recitations, dancing and singing numbers was given at 4724 Newberry terrace, July 20. All but one of the children taking part live on Newberry terrace. With their street numbers, they are: Henrietta Racine, 4717; Mabel Cohen, 4730A; Ethel Smith, 4718A; Belle Gerber, 4724; George Cohen, 4730; Burton Cohen, 4730A; Shalben Basken, 4733. The other participant was Marian Fisher, 4713 Vernon avenue. The receipts were \$12.51.

Misses Audrey Roessberger, 3612 Palm street; Rosemary and Katherine Repetto, 3532A North Grand avenue, and Nelda Roessberger, 3612 Palm, earned \$10 among friends.

Children living in the 4000 block on Russell avenue gave a show July 2 that earned \$6.51. They were: Catherine Adams, Marguerite Bolton, Helen Deveny, Frances and Charles Ernst, Junior, Jack and Merle Keightley, Catherine Robey and Hilma Otto.

Another show at 3213 Kossuth avenue brought in \$6.80. Evelyn Heile, 3213A Kossuth; Florence and Edward Neals, 3221 Kossuth; Lorraine and Raymond Linehan, 2213 Kossuth, and Ruth Leah, 3213 Kossuth, gave the show, and sold ice cream afterward.

A lemonade stand at 3005A Magazine street that yielded \$1.35 was conducted by Sophie and Evelyn Goblinger, 3005 Magazine and May Bogas, 3031 Magazine street.

#### COMING BENEFITS FOR MILK AND ICE FUND

Wednesday, July 24.—"In the Shadow of the Moon," Lindell Theater, direction Miss Sadie Friedlloch.

Thursday, July 25.—"What Can I Do," 6307 Westminster place, by children of Loyalty League of America.

Saturday, July 27 and Monday, July 29.—"Runmagine sale" 619 Franklin avenue.

Saturday, Aug. 17.—Aquatic carnival, Sunset Hill Country Club.

#### DRAFTED MEN MAY BE TRIED

Court-martials of St. Louisans Who Raided Saloons Being Considered. Special to the Post-Dispatch.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., July 23.—Court-martials proceedings for virtually every St. Louis man in three coaches of a troop train from St. Louis to Camp Pike are under contemplation, but no action has been decided upon, the Judge Advocate's office at Camp Pike said today.

Occupants of the cars, while the train was stopped at Poplar Bluff, Mo., raided saloons and stores, it is charged.

#### TWO FLYERS KILLED IN TEXAS.

By the Associated Press.  
FORT WORTH, Tex., July 23.—Lieut. Donald H. Charlton of Sulphur Springs, O., and Lieut. Ivan Eugene Tinnerholm of Schenectady, N. Y., were instantly killed here yesterday afternoon when the airplane in which they were at gunnery practice fell in a tail spin. Charlton was a son of Amos B. Charlton and Tinnerholm's father is August F. Tinnerholm.

An Asiatic tahr goat, which has long whiskers and a mass of heavy hair resembling an apron depending from its neck and breast, was added to the collection at the zoo in Forest Park yesterday. It was shipped from New York. The tahr goat is a great climber and jumper, and for that reason will be confined in a wire enclosure higher than most of the pens at the zoo.

Asiatic tahr goat at the zoo.

Two flyers killed in Texas.

By the Associated Press.

FORT WORTH, Tex., July 23.—Lieut. Donald H. Charlton of Sulphur Springs, O., and Lieut. Ivan Eugene Tinnerholm of Schenectady, N. Y., were instantly killed here yesterday afternoon when the airplane in which they were at gunnery practice fell in a tail spin. Charlton was a son of Amos B. Charlton and Tinnerholm's father is August F. Tinnerholm.

An Asiatic tahr goat, which has long whiskers and a mass of heavy hair resembling an apron depending from its neck and breast, was added to the collection at the zoo in Forest Park yesterday. It was shipped from New York. The tahr goat is a great climber and jumper, and for that reason will be confined in a wire enclosure higher than most of the pens at the zoo.

Asiatic tahr goat at the zoo.

Two flyers killed in Texas.

By the Associated Press.

FORT WORTH, Tex., July 23.—Lieut. Donald H. Charlton of Sulphur Springs, O., and Lieut. Ivan Eugene Tinnerholm of Schenectady, N. Y., were instantly killed here yesterday afternoon when the airplane in which they were at gunnery practice fell in a tail spin. Charlton was a son of Amos B. Charlton and Tinnerholm's father is August F. Tinnerholm.

An Asiatic tahr goat, which has long whiskers and a mass of heavy hair resembling an apron depending from its neck and breast, was added to the collection at the zoo in Forest Park yesterday. It was shipped from New York. The tahr goat is a great climber and jumper, and for that reason will be confined in a wire enclosure higher than most of the pens at the zoo.

Asiatic tahr goat at the zoo.

Two flyers killed in Texas.

By the Associated Press.

FORT WORTH, Tex., July 23.—Lieut. Donald H. Charlton of Sulphur Springs, O., and Lieut. Ivan Eugene Tinnerholm of Schenectady, N. Y., were instantly killed here yesterday afternoon when the airplane in which they were at gunnery practice fell in a tail spin. Charlton was a son of Amos B. Charlton and Tinnerholm's father is August F. Tinnerholm.

An Asiatic tahr goat, which has long whiskers and a mass of heavy hair resembling an apron depending from its neck and breast, was added to the collection at the zoo in Forest Park yesterday. It was shipped from New York. The tahr goat is a great climber and jumper, and for that reason will be confined in a wire enclosure higher than most of the pens at the zoo.

Asiatic tahr goat at the zoo.

Two flyers killed in Texas.

By the Associated Press.

FORT WORTH, Tex., July 23.—Lieut. Donald H. Charlton of Sulphur Springs, O., and Lieut. Ivan Eugene Tinnerholm of Schenectady, N. Y., were instantly killed here yesterday afternoon when the airplane in which they were at gunnery practice fell in a tail spin. Charlton was a son of Amos B. Charlton and Tinnerholm's father is August F. Tinnerholm.

An Asiatic tahr goat, which has long whiskers and a mass of heavy hair resembling an apron depending from its neck and breast, was added to the collection at the zoo in Forest Park yesterday. It was shipped from New York. The tahr goat is a great climber and jumper, and for that reason will be confined in a wire enclosure higher than most of the pens at the zoo.

Asiatic tahr goat at the zoo.

Two flyers killed in Texas.



Third Officers' Camp in Porto Rico  
By the Associated Press  
SAN JUAN, P. R., July 23.—The  
three officers' training camp opened  
here today with 900 men, including

**SHOEMART**  
507 Washington Ave.

## Clean-Up Sale

Of Women's White Canvas Pumps,  
Colonials and Sport Oxfords



Values Up  
to \$4.00

The showing includes  
the newest styles in  
White Canvas Pumps,  
with high covered heels  
—White Canvas Colonials  
with high leather heels—  
Sport Oxfords with gray, brown  
or white leather trimmings—and  
High Shoes in various styles.

All Sizes  
in the Lot

In point of style,  
quality and value, this  
sale surpasses anything  
heretofore offered this  
season and should have  
your first attention tomorrow—  
a great clearance of odds and  
ends of lines that were \$3.00,  
\$3.50 and \$4.00—Wednesday at  
\$1.45.

### Sensational Values in

## Misses' & Children's Shoes

Children's and Misses' Play Oxfords and barefoot Sandals—  
sizes 8 1/2 to 2 in—\$1.00  
blacks and tans—extraordinary

Misses' and Children's White Caps Ankle Strap Pumps—  
sizes 8 1/2 to 2 for quick  
closure—\$1.00

Growing Girls' Lace Oxfords—in  
black or tan calfskin leather or  
Nylon sole 8 to 7—\$2.25  
\$4.00 values at—\$2.25

Growing Girls' Pumps—in patents,  
black and tan calfskin leather  
2 1/2 to 7—\$3.45  
values at—\$2.25

Women's Bathing Shoes and Sandals—in various colors—all sizes  
from 8 to 10—\$2.50  
sale Wednesday at a price that  
will close them all out in one  
day—\$2.50

**SPECIAL**

Women's Bathing Shoes and Sandals—in various colors—all sizes  
from 8 to 10—\$2.50  
sale Wednesday at a price that  
will close them all out in one  
day—\$2.50

**SUMMER RESORTS**

**SUMMER RESORTS**



## You Who Are Fond of Fishing

—who are looking for the finny tribe  
that will test your strength and skill  
—where you can "hit out" in the early  
morning for an all-day battle—where  
your family will be comfortably  
housed in attractive cottages or at  
home-like hosteries and the children  
can disport themselves on sandy  
shores and revel by the hour in the  
shallow water—

## Minnesota is the place for you this Summer

Sailing, golfing, tennis, fishing, canoe trips through the  
beautiful lakes and streams over the pack-sack trails of the old voyageur  
—or a motor journey over a network of good highways—all are here.

Information and Aeroplane View  
Map sent free on request. Write today.

TEN THOUSAND LAKES OF  
MINNESOTA ASSOCIATION

1108 COMMERCE BUILDING  
SAINT PAUL

**THE SAINT PAUL IN ST. PAUL** is a complete hotel; 300  
rooms, 300 baths. Make  
your communicating point on tour. Send mail and telegrams in our

Information and Aeroplane View  
Map sent free on request. Write today.

TEN THOUSAND LAKES OF  
MINNESOTA ASSOCIATION

1108 COMMERCE BUILDING  
SAINT PAUL

**THE SAINT PAUL IN ST. PAUL** is a complete hotel; 300  
rooms, 300 baths. Make  
your communicating point on tour. Send mail and telegrams in our

Information and Aeroplane View  
Map sent free on request. Write today.

TEN THOUSAND LAKES OF  
MINNESOTA ASSOCIATION

1108 COMMERCE BUILDING  
SAINT PAUL

**THE SAINT PAUL IN ST. PAUL** is a complete hotel; 300  
rooms, 300 baths. Make  
your communicating point on tour. Send mail and telegrams in our

## CZECHO-SLAV AND JUGO-SLAV REVOLT MAY AID ALLIES

Uprisings in Bohemia and  
Hungary Viewed in Wash-  
ington as Holding Import-  
ant Possibilities.

By the Associated Press  
WASHINGTON, July 23.—Revolts  
and mutinies of Czecho-Slavs and  
Jugo-Slavs in Bohemia and Hungary,  
reported unofficially yesterday in a  
London dispatch, hold important  
possibilities.

The Jugo-Slavs in Southern Aus-  
tria and along the coast of the Adriatic,  
extending north to a line with the  
northern boundary of Italy, constitute  
a large portion of the dis-  
affected population and their ani-  
mosity toward the Germans and their  
Austrian masters has been increased  
by their suppression by the war party.

It is pointed out by officials here  
that these Slavs would flock to the  
standard of the allies if they had a  
chance, and the onward marching  
Italian and French forces on the Al-  
banian front would give them that  
opportunity.

Transported by Austrians.

It is known that hundreds of thousands  
of these Jugo-Slavs have been  
transported by the Austrian authorities  
acting under orders of the Germans,  
since the war began, but it is quite  
possible, according to well informed  
officials, that a million men  
might be added to the allied forces  
from these malcontents. The Slavs  
are said to make excellent soldiers  
when fighting for a cause near their  
hearts.

The assistance of Slavs in Austria  
is believed to be a matter of tremen-  
dous importance. At the last  
census in 1910 the four divisions of  
Slavs within the Austrian empire  
numbered about 24,250,000—a little  
less than an absolute majority of the  
population of the empire. Of these,  
nearly 5,000,000 were Poles and 4,  
000,000 Ruthenians. The Czecho-  
Slovaks—Bohemians, Moravians and  
Slovaks—numbered nearly 8,500,000,  
of whom about 6,500,000 were in  
Austria and nearly 2,000,000 were in  
Hungary. It was from this section  
that the Czecho-Slovaks in Siberia  
came after they had been forced into  
the Austrian army, from which they  
deserted when the opportunity of  
federalism during the campaigns against  
the Russians.

Differences Wiped Out.

The religious differences between  
the various branches of the Jugo-  
Slavs has been entirely wiped out by  
the war, according to information re-  
ceived recently by the State Depart-  
ment, and they are now united in  
their hostility toward the Austrians.  
Formerly they were divided between  
the Catholic and Russian churches.  
There were also a number of  
Mohammedans among them, upon  
which the Turks counted for assistance  
in their alliance with Austria.

The Jugo-Slavs race numbered  
more than 6,500,000 in 1910, of whom  
750,000 were in Austria, 3,  
000,000 in Hungary and 2,000,000 in  
Herzegovina.

The Jugo-Slavs race numbered  
more than 6,500,000 in 1910, of whom  
750,000 were in Austria, 3,  
000,000 in Hungary and 2,000,000 in  
Herzegovina.

Czecho-Slovak Deserters Form  
"Green Guards" in Austria.

London, July 23.—Reuter's Lim-  
ited says it learns from a reliable  
Czech source that many Czecho-Slo-  
vaks and Jugo-Slavs are deserting  
from the Austrian army and forming  
armed bands in the interior  
called "Green Guards."

A considerable number of Czecho-  
Slovak deserters have concentrated  
in the Beskia Mountain in Eastern  
Moravia. They are well armed and  
are offering stubborn resistance to the  
gendarmes.

"Obviously," says the Reuter Agency,  
they receive support from the  
Czech population. The authorities  
have already issued a public order  
threatening punishment to all persons  
lending support to the movement.

"Simpler revolts are taking place  
in Dalmatia, where the military au-  
thorities have been unable to sup-  
press a revolt of armed bands of de-  
sisters and escaped Russian pris-  
oners. The official organ, Bosnian  
Post, makes allusions suggesting that  
similar bands are springing up in  
Bosnia."

DEATH OF U. S. MINISTER  
TO BOLIVIA CONFIRMED

By the Associated Press

BUENOS AIRES, July 23.—The  
Government of Bolivia has concluded  
its investigation into the circum-  
stances of the death on July 13 of  
John Davis O'Rear of Missouri, the  
American Minister at La Paz.

According to dispatches received from  
the Bolivian capital, the official  
investigation followed rumors  
that the funeral was a ruse of the  
Minister to escape making explanation  
of reports that he had been aiding  
the Germans. The investigation  
confirmed the death of the Minister  
and proved false the rumors that an  
empty coffin had been buried.

Information and Aeroplane View  
Map sent free on request. Write today.

TEN THOUSAND LAKES OF  
MINNESOTA ASSOCIATION

1108 COMMERCE BUILDING  
SAINT PAUL

Information and Aeroplane View  
Map sent free on request. Write today.

TEN THOUSAND LAKES OF  
MINNESOTA ASSOCIATION

1108 COMMERCE BUILDING  
SAINT PAUL

**THE SAINT PAUL IN ST. PAUL** is a complete hotel; 300  
rooms, 300 baths. Make  
your communicating point on tour. Send mail and telegrams in our

Information and Aeroplane View  
Map sent free on request. Write today.

TEN THOUSAND LAKES OF  
MINNESOTA ASSOCIATION

1108 COMMERCE BUILDING  
SAINT PAUL

**THE SAINT PAUL IN ST. PAUL** is a complete hotel; 300  
rooms, 300 baths. Make  
your communicating point on tour. Send mail and telegrams in our

Information and Aeroplane View  
Map sent free on request. Write today.

TEN THOUSAND LAKES OF  
MINNESOTA ASSOCIATION

1108 COMMERCE BUILDING  
SAINT PAUL

**THE SAINT PAUL IN ST. PAUL** is a complete hotel; 300  
rooms, 300 baths. Make  
your communicating point on tour. Send mail and telegrams in our

Information and Aeroplane View  
Map sent free on request. Write today.

TEN THOUSAND LAKES OF  
MINNESOTA ASSOCIATION

1108 COMMERCE BUILDING  
SAINT PAUL

**THE SAINT PAUL IN ST. PAUL** is a complete hotel; 300  
rooms, 300 baths. Make  
your communicating point on tour. Send mail and telegrams in our

Information and Aeroplane View  
Map sent free on request. Write today.

TEN THOUSAND LAKES OF  
MINNESOTA ASSOCIATION

1108 COMMERCE BUILDING  
SAINT PAUL

**THE SAINT PAUL IN ST. PAUL** is a complete hotel; 300  
rooms, 300 baths. Make  
your communicating point on tour. Send mail and telegrams in our

Information and Aeroplane View  
Map sent free on request. Write today.

TEN THOUSAND LAKES OF  
MINNESOTA ASSOCIATION

1108 COMMERCE BUILDING  
SAINT PAUL

**THE SAINT PAUL IN ST. PAUL** is a complete hotel; 300  
rooms, 300 baths. Make  
your communicating point on tour. Send mail and telegrams in our

Information and Aeroplane View  
Map sent free on request. Write today.

TEN THOUSAND LAKES OF  
MINNESOTA ASSOCIATION

1108 COMMERCE BUILDING  
SAINT PAUL

**THE SAINT PAUL IN ST. PAUL** is a complete hotel; 300  
rooms, 300 baths. Make  
your communicating point on tour. Send mail and telegrams in our

Information and Aeroplane View  
Map sent free on request. Write today.

TEN THOUSAND LAKES OF  
MINNESOTA ASSOCIATION

1108 COMMERCE BUILDING  
SAINT PAUL

**THE SAINT PAUL IN ST. PAUL** is a complete hotel; 300  
rooms, 300 baths. Make  
your communicating point on tour. Send mail and telegrams in our

Information and Aeroplane View  
Map sent free on request. Write today.

TEN THOUSAND LAKES OF  
MINNESOTA ASSOCIATION

1108 COMMERCE BUILDING  
SAINT PAUL

**THE SAINT PAUL IN ST. PAUL** is a complete hotel; 300  
rooms, 300 baths. Make  
your communicating point on tour. Send mail and telegrams in our

Information and Aeroplane View  
Map sent free on request. Write today.

TEN THOUSAND LAKES OF  
MINNESOTA ASSOCIATION

1108 COMMERCE BUILDING  
SAINT PAUL

**THE SAINT PAUL IN ST. PAUL** is a complete hotel; 300  
rooms, 300 baths. Make  
your communicating point on tour. Send mail and telegrams in our

Information and Aeroplane View  
Map sent free on request. Write today.

TEN THOUSAND LAKES OF  
MINNESOTA ASSOCIATION

1108 COMMERCE BUILDING  
SAINT PAUL

**THE SAINT PAUL IN ST. PAUL** is a complete hotel; 300  
rooms, 300 baths. Make  
your communicating point on tour. Send mail and telegrams in our

Information and Aeroplane View  
Map sent free on request. Write today.

TEN THOUSAND LAKES OF  
MINNESOTA ASSOCIATION

1108 COMMERCE BUILDING  
SAINT PAUL

**THE SAINT PAUL IN ST. PAUL** is a complete hotel; 300  
rooms, 300 baths. Make  
your communicating point on tour. Send mail and telegrams in our

Information and Aeroplane View  
Map sent free on request. Write today.

TEN THOUSAND LAKES OF  
MINNESOTA ASSOCIATION

1108 COMMERCE BUILDING  
SAINT PAUL

**THE SAINT PAUL IN ST. PAUL** is a complete hotel; 300  
rooms, 300 baths. Make  
your communicating point on tour. Send mail and telegrams in our

Information and Aeroplane View  
Map sent free on request. Write today.

TEN THOUSAND LAKES OF  
MINNESOTA ASSOCIATION







## WARNING TRACED THROUGH DIVORCEE AND TAKEN HERE

Mrs. Nellie West Induced to Give Telephone Number Which Leads to Missing Former St. Clair Official.

### TELLS OF INVESTMENT MADE THROUGH HIM

Warning Denies He Is 'Short a Penny'; Under Indictment on Charge of Withholding \$91,847.

Mrs. Nellie West, 27-year-old divorcee, of 1440 Pendleton avenue, from whom detectives obtained yesterday a telephone number, which led to the arrest of Fred Warning, former Treasurer of St. Clair County, Ill., under indictment for withholding county funds and embezzlement, of \$91,847, denied to a Post-Dispatch reporter today that Warning had spent county money on her.

She was questioned about a letter found by the detectives in her flat, addressed to a man at Quincy, Ill., in which she wrote: "Fred did not come to see me this week, but sent me the money as usual." When she was asked if the letter referred to Warning, she said: "Fred Warning is not the only Fred in the world. I have other friends named Fred."

When Mrs. West lived at 2905 Easton avenue last year, Detective Patrick Kirk learned that Warning was visiting her. He kept track of her when she moved to Pendleton avenue. When it became known that Warning was missing, he told Chief Hannegan about the woman. The St. Clair County authorities were informed, and Deputies Traubel and Arno came over yesterday and accompanied Kirk and his partner, King, to Mrs. West's flat.

#### Roomer Is Questioned.

At first she denied knowing Warning. Then she admitted that he had visited her on Easton avenue, but said she did not know where he was now. They also questioned Julius McDonald, a roomer, and found in a leather bag belonging to him the letter containing the reference to "Fred." He admitted that it was from Mrs. West and that it referred to Warning. Mrs. West said the money she referred to was from an investment which she had made through Warning in property formerly owned by former State Representative Stephen Le Page of Edgemont, school treasurer, who is now in the Illinois penitentiary for embezzlement.

McDonald persuaded Mrs. West to give the detectives what information she could, and she admitted that she had had telephone conversations in the past few days with Warning and gave them the telephone number.

This was traced to a business place on Chippewa street. The proprietor said Warning had been there to telephone, but had not stayed there. The last time he was there he cashed a check for \$25 and requested that it be not sent to the bank, but held until the next day, when his son and daughter would come and take it up. Warning was despondent, the proprietor said, and he took a loaded revolver from him. The next day the son and daughter brought the money and took the check. The detectives were told that they might find Warning at the home of Fred Tiemann, 1525 Palm street.

#### Found in an Attic.

Mrs. Tiemann admitted that Warning had been there from Wednesday to Sunday. The flat was searched and he was not found. The upstairs flat, occupied by Tiemann's brother, was then searched. Warning was found in the attic, asleep. A police headquarters, he declared that his prosecution was the biggest job ever played on a man. He said he was not short a penny and a proper audit of his books would show it. He denied spending money on Mrs. West. He waived extradition and was taken to Belleville jail, where today he refused to see reporters.

Warning was out on \$800 bond signed by his wife and brother-in-law, Henry Kannaway, under an old indictment, when seven additional indictments were returned against him, charging him with withholding \$48,987 as treasurer and \$42,860 as County Collector, a total of \$41,547, and with the embezzlement of this total and of various amounts going to make up the total. These include \$10,652 tax sale costs, \$14,000 East St. Louis Improvement fund, \$6000 East St. Louis outlet sewer fund and \$4000 city taxes. The bill bonds on the new charges aggregated \$52,000.

**Advice on Investment.**  
Mrs. West was formerly Miss Brewer of Murphysboro, Ill. She says she was divorced in September, 1917, from Ira West. She said today she was introduced to Warning by her husband, and until she was divorced, in September, 1917, she knew him well as an acquaintance of her husband. In November, she said, she sought Warning's advice in investing some money and he placed a loan for her on a piece of Le Page's property. She went to his home and met his wife and the deal was closed there, she said.

She said she had several conversations with him about the investment in which he acted as her agent, but he never took her out, was never in her home and never spent any money on her. Two weeks ago, she said, he called her up to tell her something about the mortgage and gave her the telephone number which she gave to the police.

Give your sweethearts a Diamond Ring Credit. Laffin Bros. & Co. 24th & 308 N. Main St. Adv.

### Famous & Barr Co.

## August Sale of Furs.

Involving the most comprehensive stocks of exquisite Furs ever assembled for one of our August sales.

We planned most carefully for this sale. Even months ago, we had already contracted for many of the fur garments. This was fortunate, because the furs selected for this sale have advanced from 25 to 35½% in price, and today it would be absolutely out of the question to duplicate any of them at their original purchase price. That is why this sale offers you

#### Savings to 1/4, 1/3 and More

The most luxurious peltry has been fashioned by New York's most skillful furriers into authentic models that will be in vogue this coming Fall and Winter.

Furs purchased now may be placed in our vaults free of cost for delivery October 1st, thereafter.

Selection may be made now by charge customers, and the charge will be entered on October statements, payable November 1st.

On payment of 20%, we will lay aside any furs you may choose, the balance to be paid October 1st.

Third Floor

#### Our Remarkable Annual

## Sale of Plush Coats

Offering savings of 25% and more on prices that must prevail this Fall and Winter.



This is the opportunity the Famous & Barr Sale of Plush Coats presents. And remember, it would be utterly impossible to duplicate these same garments today for less than 1/4 more than the sale prices. This is because we planned this event months ago.

We are featuring in this sale—

Plush Coats at \$25

Plush Coats at \$35

Plush Coats at \$45

Plush Coats at \$55

Extra size Plush Coats at \$75.50

An exclusive group of luxurious Plush Coats at \$65, \$75, \$100 up to \$135.

On payment of 20%, any plush garment will be stored in our cold storage vaults until October 1st.

Charge purchases may be placed on October statements, payable November 1st.

Third Floor

## Clearing Men's and Young Men's Clothes

This July clearance of Spring and Summer Stock originally began with such remarkably large stocks that the assortments are still practically intact. These savings are important and men should buy for present as well as future wear:

**\$16.50 and \$18  
SUITS  
\$14.85**



**\$20 and \$22.50  
SUITS  
\$16.75**

**\$25 and \$28  
SUITS  
\$19.50**

**\$30 and \$32.50  
SUITS  
\$23.75**

**\$35 and \$40  
SUITS  
\$28.50**

Second Floor

We Give Eagle Star and Fireman's Fund Books for \$2 in Cash or \$2.50 in Merchandise—Few Restricted Articles Exempted.

Buy the Blue Jackets in the Navy—Be One!

And the Clinton

11½ years old, for

1½ or 2 years old, for

2½ or 3 years old, for

3½ or 4 years old, for

4½ or 5 years old, for

5½ or 6 years old, for

6½ or 7 years old, for

7½ or 8 years old, for

8½ or 9 years old, for

9½ or 10 years old, for

10½ or 11 years old, for

11½ or 12 years old, for

12½ or 13 years old, for

13½ or 14 years old, for

14½ or 15 years old, for

15½ or 16 years old, for

16½ or 17 years old, for

17½ or 18 years old, for

18½ or 19 years old, for

19½ or 20 years old, for

20½ or 21 years old, for

21½ or 22 years old, for

22½ or 23 years old, for

23½ or 24 years old, for

24½ or 25 years old, for

25½ or 26 years old, for

26½ or 27 years old, for

27½ or 28 years old, for

28½ or 29 years old, for

29½ or 30 years old, for

30½ or 31 years old, for

31½ or 32 years old, for

32½ or 33 years old, for

33½ or 34 years old, for

34½ or 35 years old, for

35½ or 36 years old, for

36½ or 37 years old, for

37½ or 38 years old, for

38½ or 39 years old, for

39½ or 40 years old, for

40½ or 41 years old, for

41½ or 42 years old, for

42½ or 43 years old, for

43½ or 44 years old, for

44½ or 45 years old, for

45½ or 46 years old, for

46½ or 47 years old, for

47½ or 48 years old, for

48½ or 49 years old, for

49½ or 50 years old, for

50½ or 51 years old, for

51½ or 52 years old, for

52½ or 53 years old, for

53½ or 54 years old, for

54½ or 55 years old, for

55½ or 56 years old, for

56½ or 57 years old, for

57½ or 58 years old, for

58½ or 59 years old, for

59½ or 60 years old, for

60½ or 61 years old, for

61½ or 62 years old, for

62½ or 63 years old, for

63½ or 64 years old, for

64½ or 65 years old, for

65½ or 66 years old, for

66½ or 67 years old, for

67½ or 68 years old, for

68½ or 69 years old, for

69½ or 70 years old, for

70½ or 71 years old, for

71½ or 72 years old, for

72½ or 73 years old, for

73½ or 74 years old, for

74½ or 75 years old, for

75½ or 76 years old, for

76½ or 77 years old, for

77½ or 78 years old, for

78½ or 79 years old, for

79½ or 80 years old, for

80½ or 81 years old, for

81½ or 82 years old, for

82½ or 83 years old, for

83½ or 84 years old, for

84½ or 85 years old, for

85½ or 86 years old, for

86½ or 87 years old, for

87½ or 88 years old, for

Editorial Page  
News Photographs  
Women's Features  
TUESDAY, JULY 23, 1918.

# ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

# DAILY MAGAZINE

Popular Comics  
Sporting News  
Market Reports  
TUESDAY, JULY 23, 1918.

esses



Cash Suits  
\$1.10

middy styles, also Oliver  
sucker models. Made of  
silk, poplin and chambray  
mixtures. Cut full and  
soft. Loops and button bot-  
toms. All sizes 2 to 8.  
nickers, 77c

Second Floor

Cotton, Ball  
d colors—no mail 7c  
tubes—per tube . . . . . 9c  
various sizes . . . . . 4c  
all colors . . . . . 3c  
all—six yard pieces . . . . . 2c  
sizes 3 to 4 . . . . . 12c  
cins. . . . . 3½c  
titching—3 yard pieces . . . . . 3c  
bolt . . . . . 10c  
yard pieces—bolt . . . . . 4c  
yards—bolt . . . . . 12c  
guaranteed . . . . . 2c  
assorted . . . . . 8c  
ch . . . . . 4c  
Waist Supports, 24c  
binding—bolt . . . . . 15c  
r—box . . . . . 15c  
r box . . . . . 8c  
Press—each . . . . . 69c  
Sanitary Belt—most . . . . . 50c  
Main Floor

Skirting, Yard  
and fancy stripes, an-  
assortment of 59c

Fifth Floor

oys



Tennis Rackets and  
set, 44c.

Hoof and Ladders;  
iron, 49c.

Character Dolls, romper

5c. Basement Gallery

## ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER

Dec. 12, 1878.

Published by the Pulitzer Publishing Co.

Twelfth and Olive Streets

## POST-DISPATCH CIRCULATION

Average for entire year, 1917:

SUNDAY..... 361,263

DAILY AND SUNDAY..... 194,593

## THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFOM

I know that my retirement will make no difference in its cardinal principles, that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight demagogues of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare, never be satisfied with merely printing news, always be drastically independent, never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULITZER.

April 10, 1907.

## LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

Keeping Socialists "Out."

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

It is to laugh a big horse laugh when one reads such editorial brilliancy as was exhibited in the *Globe-Democrat* of July 17, entitled "Keep the Socialists Out." The defender of plutocracy sings the song of the dying swan, in pitiful strain, by suggesting that Democrats and Republicans combine forces in several congressional districts where Socialists would otherwise be elected.

Because some misguided individual Socialists have been disloyal to our country is no more harmful than the same disloyalty practiced by Democrats and Republicans who were elected heretofore in the United States.

The principles of Socialism are merely the opposite of individualism. Individualism carried to the extreme is anarchy. Socialism is co-operation or system. The world's best progress depends upon systematic co-operation based upon "equal and exact justice to all, with special privileges for none."

Individuals who are true to themselves ought to subscribe to this doctrine, just as Republicans honor Abraham Lincoln, who declared "You can't fool all the people all the time."

With Government operation of transportation by rail, ocean, river and air craft; communication extended to cover mail, telegraph, telephone and wireless, and production and distribution of our resources made to legally include everything—animal, mineral and vegetable, entirely for public welfare—it seems as though Socialism was the correct theory of government when the nation cannot depend upon other theories with safety for success.

President Wilson and all other true patriots have caused this demonstration of Socialism under a republic, to defeat the designs of a Prussian despot who has appropriated the socialist principles for his individual benefit, just as private co-operation is used by monopolists against the public at large, while the nation is at peace with the outside world.

An editorial in *National Service*, the official organ of the Military Training Camps Association of the United States, says: "Just as the people of each nation are subordinating their individual interests to their collective interest in war, so will they act co-operatively in peace."

"And from this follows the natural inference that those nations which develop the best national organizations during the war will be the most prosperous nations during the peace which follows the war."

To ask the question, into which category will the United States fall? is to answer it, because if there are any doubt at all it will be in favor of co-operation, system. Socialism, and not in favor of ultra-individualism, lack of system, anarchy or Bolshevism. Some people have so firmly imbued the individualistic instinct in their lives that they are actually incapable of putting any other interpretation upon the word "co-operation," which really means the opposite of individualism.

ELLSWORTH TELL

Fuel-Saving Suggestion.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

Many apartments located in the West End and South End are equipped with heating apparatus of sufficient size so as to be able to connect with an adjoining building and thereby save the fuel required for one building. Many apartment tenants are obliged to turn off several radiators owing to unbearable heat. It seems to me a heating engineer could figure this out so as to save coal.

Furthermore, since the clock has been set aheaed, the janitors have not changed the time of turning on and off the required lights. Lights must be set on at 6 a.m. and in the evening and as late as 7 a.m. (and later) in the morning. The landlord pays the bill, nevertheless the spirit of the times is lacking. The Fuel Administrator should look into the matter.

ONE WHO OBSERVES.

Why Mr. Judson Supports Folk.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

I am supporting Gov. Joseph W. Folk for the senatorship because I feel that in this crisis of our national affairs the largest experience in public affairs is a very important qualification. It is impossible to overestimate the value of this large experience in public affairs in dealing with the great questions which must be determined by Congress in the next few years.

Gov. Folk's public services extend now over a period of 20 years, and include that of Public Prosecutor, Governor of the State of Colorado, of the State Department and in the Interstate Commerce Commission. Such an experience in public affairs is, at such a period as this, a distinct qualification for services in Congress. That personal integrity and patriotism are essential goes without saying, but public experience and familiarity with public affairs are also demanded.

In thus favoring the nomination of Gov. Folk, I am not actuated by any personal feeling am to his opponent—whom I esteem highly and have no doubt of his patriotism—but it is a question primarily of qualification in public experience for the performance of public duty; and on this basis it seems to me that Gov. Folk has a distinct advantage, and, therefore, I am giving him my support.

FREDERICK N. JUDSON.

## FRUITS OF GERMAN DISASTER

The Marne salient is the focus of interest and importance in the assault on German militarism. There is the beginning of the debacle. But the effects of Foch's offensive are far reaching.

The successful assault on Germany's military power, concentrated in France, is accompanied by a weakening of Germany's power and prestige in all fields where military power has been feared as a menace to independent thought and action, or where it has been regarded as an aid to ambition or a protection from enemy assaults.

The most disastrous effect of the realization of allied objectives in their continuing offensive may not be the demoralizing effect upon Germany's own army and her own people, but upon the armies and peoples of her allies who are under German guidance and protection, and upon the peoples of neutral countries who have been held in quasi subjection by the fear of Germany's infamy to the Bolshevik leaders of the revolution.

another point in common, is not sustained throughout, his was nevertheless the most tragic reign in Europe since that of the ill-fated French monarch. Panic caused a historic disaster at his very coronation. He incurred the tremendous defeats of the Russo-Japanese War. Repression in his name of internal disorders led to the shedding of much Russian blood.

But he gave to Russia the beginning of parliamentary government in the Duma. Though the motives with which he fought Prussianism were not identical with those of the Entente, he staunchly supported the cause of the Western allies. He was asked to escape deposition by compromise with the common German enemy, but he left that infamy to the Bolshevik leaders of the revolution.

\*\*\*

## THE BATTLE OFF CAPE COD.

Secretary Daniels has ordered an inquiry into the escape of the U-boat which impudently attacked an ocean tug and its string of barges within plain sight of shore off Cape Cod.

The attempt of the Germans to transfer sea freightfulness to this side of the Atlantic has already had a greater success than we might have believed possible. Something like a score of traders, many of them loaded with much-needed sugar, were sunk within a few miles of our coast line last month, and the submarines got away. Now the attacks are renewed, not only with more of daring, but more of success. For the presumption that the naval vessel San Diego was sunk by a submarine was previously strong and is now made almost conclusive by the reappearance of the U-boat at a place only a short cruising distance away.

The San Diego was formerly known as the California and she cost us \$5,341,000, but as her keel was laid 16 years ago, her loss is not a heavy one, reckoned in units adapted to modern fighting. But the fact that, after nearly 16 months of a war which many at the start believed would partake largely of the nature of a naval war, the destruction of this old 13,690-ton cruiser constitutes the largest loss yet incurred by the American navy, is interesting.

The San Diego was formerly known as the California and she cost us \$5,341,000, but as her keel was laid 16 years ago, her loss is not a heavy one, reckoned in units adapted to modern fighting. But the fact that, after nearly 16 months of a war which many at the start believed would partake largely of the nature of a naval war, the destruction of this old 13,690-ton cruiser constitutes the largest loss yet incurred by the American navy, is interesting.

Thousands of crusted natives and week-end and other resorters along Cape Cod witnessed a Sunday spectacle about which they will tell for years to come and which, in fact, is not likely to be repeated during the course of the present war. They saw the U-boat blaze away for an hour and a half with formidable torpedoes as well as shell fire at the string of unarmed tugs. They saw three hydroplanes come sweeping down to discharge bombs and witnessed the unprecedented sight in the Western Hemisphere of a battle between submarine and aircraft.

There is little mercy for the brutal bully who is whipped. The weakest turn on him with biting vengeance. Germany has as much to fear from her allies and her maltreated neutral friends as from her open enemies, probably more.

The western front is the key to the German downfall, but disaster there will be only the beginning and a small part of the reckoning which Germany will have to make. Prussianism has staked all on military power and brute force and must abide the consequences of defeat from all those who have felt the fear and the weight of the mailed fist.

There is little mercy for the brutal bully who is whipped. The weakest turn on him with biting vengeance. Germany has as much to fear from her allies and her maltreated neutral friends as from her open enemies, probably more.

The western front is the key to the German downfall, but disaster there will be only the beginning and a small part of the reckoning which Germany will have to make. Prussianism has staked all on military power and brute force and must abide the consequences of defeat from all those who have felt the fear and the weight of the mailed fist.

There is little mercy for the brutal bully who is whipped. The weakest turn on him with biting vengeance. Germany has as much to fear from her allies and her maltreated neutral friends as from her open enemies, probably more.

The western front is the key to the German downfall, but disaster there will be only the beginning and a small part of the reckoning which Germany will have to make. Prussianism has staked all on military power and brute force and must abide the consequences of defeat from all those who have felt the fear and the weight of the mailed fist.

There is little mercy for the brutal bully who is whipped. The weakest turn on him with biting vengeance. Germany has as much to fear from her allies and her maltreated neutral friends as from her open enemies, probably more.

The western front is the key to the German downfall, but disaster there will be only the beginning and a small part of the reckoning which Germany will have to make. Prussianism has staked all on military power and brute force and must abide the consequences of defeat from all those who have felt the fear and the weight of the mailed fist.

There is little mercy for the brutal bully who is whipped. The weakest turn on him with biting vengeance. Germany has as much to fear from her allies and her maltreated neutral friends as from her open enemies, probably more.

The western front is the key to the German downfall, but disaster there will be only the beginning and a small part of the reckoning which Germany will have to make. Prussianism has staked all on military power and brute force and must abide the consequences of defeat from all those who have felt the fear and the weight of the mailed fist.

There is little mercy for the brutal bully who is whipped. The weakest turn on him with biting vengeance. Germany has as much to fear from her allies and her maltreated neutral friends as from her open enemies, probably more.

The western front is the key to the German downfall, but disaster there will be only the beginning and a small part of the reckoning which Germany will have to make. Prussianism has staked all on military power and brute force and must abide the consequences of defeat from all those who have felt the fear and the weight of the mailed fist.

There is little mercy for the brutal bully who is whipped. The weakest turn on him with biting vengeance. Germany has as much to fear from her allies and her maltreated neutral friends as from her open enemies, probably more.

The western front is the key to the German downfall, but disaster there will be only the beginning and a small part of the reckoning which Germany will have to make. Prussianism has staked all on military power and brute force and must abide the consequences of defeat from all those who have felt the fear and the weight of the mailed fist.

There is little mercy for the brutal bully who is whipped. The weakest turn on him with biting vengeance. Germany has as much to fear from her allies and her maltreated neutral friends as from her open enemies, probably more.

The western front is the key to the German downfall, but disaster there will be only the beginning and a small part of the reckoning which Germany will have to make. Prussianism has staked all on military power and brute force and must abide the consequences of defeat from all those who have felt the fear and the weight of the mailed fist.

There is little mercy for the brutal bully who is whipped. The weakest turn on him with biting vengeance. Germany has as much to fear from her allies and her maltreated neutral friends as from her open enemies, probably more.

The western front is the key to the German downfall, but disaster there will be only the beginning and a small part of the reckoning which Germany will have to make. Prussianism has staked all on military power and brute force and must abide the consequences of defeat from all those who have felt the fear and the weight of the mailed fist.

There is little mercy for the brutal bully who is whipped. The weakest turn on him with biting vengeance. Germany has as much to fear from her allies and her maltreated neutral friends as from her open enemies, probably more.

The western front is the key to the German downfall, but disaster there will be only the beginning and a small part of the reckoning which Germany will have to make. Prussianism has staked all on military power and brute force and must abide the consequences of defeat from all those who have felt the fear and the weight of the mailed fist.

There is little mercy for the brutal bully who is whipped. The weakest turn on him with biting vengeance. Germany has as much to fear from her allies and her maltreated neutral friends as from her open enemies, probably more.

The western front is the key to the German downfall, but disaster there will be only the beginning and a small part of the reckoning which Germany will have to make. Prussianism has staked all on military power and brute force and must abide the consequences of defeat from all those who have felt the fear and the weight of the mailed fist.

There is little mercy for the brutal bully who is whipped. The weakest turn on him with biting vengeance. Germany has as much to fear from her allies and her maltreated neutral friends as from her open enemies, probably more.

The western front is the key to the German downfall, but disaster there will be only the beginning and a small part of the reckoning which Germany will have to make. Prussianism has staked all on military power and brute force and must abide the consequences of defeat from all those who have felt the fear and the weight of the mailed fist.

There is little mercy for the brutal bully who is whipped. The weakest turn on him with biting vengeance. Germany has as much to fear from her allies and her maltreated neutral friends as from her open enemies, probably more.

The western front is the key to the German downfall, but disaster there will be only the beginning and a small part of the reckoning which Germany will have to make. Prussianism has staked all on military power and brute force and must abide the consequences of defeat from all those who have felt the fear and the weight of the mailed fist.

There is little mercy for the brutal bully who is whipped. The weakest turn on him with biting vengeance. Germany has as much to fear from her allies and her maltreated neutral friends as from her open enemies, probably more.

The western front is the key to the German downfall, but disaster there will be only the beginning and a small part of the reckoning which Germany will have to make. Prussianism has staked all on military power and brute force and must abide the consequences of defeat from all those who have felt the fear and the weight of the mailed fist.

There is little mercy for the brutal bully who is whipped. The weakest turn on him with biting vengeance. Germany has as much to fear from her allies and her maltreated neutral friends as from her open enemies, probably more.

The western front is the key to the German downfall, but disaster there will be only the beginning and a small part of the reckoning which Germany will have to make. Prussianism has staked all on military power and brute force and must abide the consequences of defeat from all those who have felt the fear and the weight of the mailed fist.

There is little mercy for the brutal bully who is whipped. The weakest turn on him with biting vengeance. Germany has as much to fear from her allies and her maltreated neutral friends as from her open enemies, probably more.

The western front is the key to the German downfall, but disaster there will be only the beginning and a small part of the reckoning which Germany will have to make. Prussianism has staked all on military power and brute force and must abide the consequences of defeat from all those who have felt the fear and the weight of the mailed fist.

There is little mercy for the brutal bully who is whipped. The weakest turn on him with biting vengeance. Germany has as much to fear from her allies and her maltreated neutral friends as from her open enemies, probably more.

The western front is the key to the German downfall, but disaster there will be only the beginning and a small part of the reckoning which Germany will have to make. Prussianism has staked all on military power and brute force and must abide the consequences of defeat from all those who have felt the fear and the weight of the mailed fist.

There is little mercy for the brutal bully who is whipped. The weakest turn on him with biting vengeance. Germany has as much to fear from her allies and her maltreated neutral friends as from her open enemies, probably more.

The western front is the key to the German downfall, but disaster there will be only the beginning and a small part of the reckoning which Germany will have to make. Prussianism has staked all on military power and brute force and must abide the consequences of defeat from all those who have felt the fear and the weight of the mailed fist.

There is little mercy for the brutal bully who is whipped. The weakest turn on him with biting vengeance. Germany has as much to fear from her allies and her maltreated neutral friends as from her open enemies, probably more.

The western front is the key to the German downfall, but disaster there will be only the beginning and a small part of the reckoning which Germany will have to make. Prussianism has staked all on military power and brute force and must abide the consequences of defeat from all those who have felt the fear and the weight of the mailed fist.

There is little mercy for the brutal bully who is whipped. The weakest turn on him with biting vengeance. Germany has as much to fear from her allies and her maltreated neutral friends as from her open enemies, probably more.

The western front is the key to the German downfall, but disaster there will be only the beginning and a small part of the reckoning which Germany will have to make. Prussianism has staked all on military power and brute force and must abide the consequences of defeat from all those who have felt the fear and the weight of the mailed fist.

There is little mercy for the brutal bully who is whipped. The weakest turn on him with biting vengeance. Germany has as much to fear from her allies and her maltreated neutral friends as from her open enemies, probably more.

The western front is the key to the German downfall, but disaster there will be only the beginning and a small part of the reckoning which Germany will have to make. Prussianism has staked all on military power and brute force and must abide the consequences of defeat from all those who have felt the fear and the weight of the mailed fist.

There is little mercy for the brutal bully who is whipped. The weakest turn on him with biting vengeance. Germany has as much to fear from her allies and her maltreated neutral friends as from her open enemies, probably more.

The western front is the key to the German downfall, but disaster there will be only the beginning and a small part of the reckoning which Germany will have to make. Prussianism has staked all on military power and brute force and must abide the consequences of defeat from all those who have felt the fear and the weight of the mailed fist.

There is little mercy for the brutal bully who is whipped. The weakest turn on him with biting vengeance. Germany has as much to fear from her allies and her maltreated neutral friends as from her open enemies, probably more.

The western front is the key to the German downfall, but disaster there will be only the beginning and a small part of the reckoning which Germany will have to make. Prussianism has staked all on military power and brute force and must abide the consequences of defeat from all those who have felt the fear and the weight of the mailed fist.

There is little mercy for the brutal bully who is whipped. The weakest turn on him with biting vengeance. Germany has as much to fear from her allies and her maltreated

MIRROR of  
CIC OPINIONBusiness Girl Who Wishes to  
Succeed Will Educate Herself  
as She Goes Along With Work

By Sophie Irene Loeb.

ME TO EXPERIMENT.

parts of the national banks of the United States under the call of their resources have increased since \$2,000,000,000 during the deposits have increased since \$1,300,000,000, and their increased \$500,000,000. It is to find in that statement evidence of credit, as it shows banks are banking their profits, relying upon the banks for their declining business. This is now over \$1,000,000,000, the over legal requirements used by \$38,748,000 during the unspeakable benefit that our banks function under strain more than is further shown by both in contraction of the bank in this city in connection with Loans.

an, Deputy Governor of the

Bank in his address at

gave similar figures in con-

all three loans. In con-

third loan the expansion was

\$10,000 to \$655,000,000, with a

within a month to \$523,900.

reverse of the expansion is not

Simultaneously, the treasury

figures of the country's cur-

revenue. The decrease during

\$84,000, and the increase of

the year was \$285,284,000. The

revenue notes have increased \$1.

That is a remarkable growth,

remarkable than the growth

which it is based, or than is

the amplitude of the gold cov-

year it has doubled to over

Under old conditions there

about an increase of \$1.

bank notes, but they would

be producible. Now the total will

shrink, as naturally as

the trade increased.

to mark that, despite this

mentioning of our banking af-

a deluge of proposal in Con-

upon it, and outside of

the surprising number of pro-

action. In a single day

amendments were in-

Washington. None of them

and some of them were al-

concerned. For ex-

to guarantee deposits. The

is only nominal, and a

work to increase the loss

unnecessary. Considering

the situation, it is attempt-

on it are well described in

Supt. Skinner, addressing

the bankers at Atlanta City,

anyone who proposes rad-

the banking laws or the

of the country at this time

and Beer.

Evening Telegram.

of the war is dependent

United States going bone dry

of the struggle or for-

Let the land be dry.

putting out of the liquor tra-

to the prohibitionists,

a minority on the ma-

will be protected long and hard.

assertion by Government ef-

of the working

would decrease the output,

it is now said the brew-

and the beer industry and reduce

the cost of living.

The South American republic is es-

to have mined in 1917 about

the coal and plenty of labor to

the presumption the rail-

has learned something

fact, only last Thursday,

regional director, in a

railroad managers within

recommended that the

camp be kept at the high-

from now until all dan-

this winter is past.

absolute necessity, a bone

the poison padding

Main and trans-

and other states, would

coal shortage, let it be

the situation hasn't

BEST CARTOON.

encouragement is might-

in the Chicago Tribune.

## "A GOOD INDIAN"

A Good Out-of-Doors Story of Love, Humor and Adventure

(Continued from yesterday.)

CHAPTER XX.

Reaching a Climax.

The shore of Windy Lake, on that side where

the camp lay, flattened itself into a long,

sinuously curved beach of hard sand. Not

the Putnam party had left the station plat-

at Deepwater and they encountered a fair

switch that invited, rather than compelled, the

traveler to walk. Two figures now walked this

in the starlight.

Putnam was talking in low, rapid tones, flick-

the sand with a light switch as he moved

slowly forward. The girl's head was bent, as

she was preoccupied with her thoughts,

she was listening.

"Tell you, I know Therese far better than

he was saying impatiently. "There will

not, cannot, be any trouble."

"And yet"—Helen hesitated.

"Surely you have faith in my judgment," he

aid, with a faint note of irritation.

"Why, yes—I think so."

"Then you will leave it to me to make the

plans, dear."

"Please, please!"

He laughed.

"Why do you always say that when I call you

"It wasn't that," she answered.

"Then, then?"

"Oh—Oh, don't you understand!" she

she out, with sudden vehemence. "It frightens

There's something so terribly final about

it's like deciding your whole life—in almost

instant. And then, when you're not sure—

that you can decide it rightly, it

means that you ought not even to try. Why can't

we wait?"

"For what?"

"For time, I think. Yes, that's it—time. Why

we decide tonight, or even tomorrow?"

"If we wait only for time, then I can see no

in waiting at all. I thought you had de-

Helen." She was silent.

"I want to make your life happy," he went on. "I think you want me to make it happy. And, in making ourselves happy, we will know that we are making nobody else unhappy."

"I wish I could be sure," she murmured, with a restless gesture of her hands.

"I am sure—and I know. You don't think I'd deceive you?"

"Oh, no."

"I want your confidence," he said, quietly.

"I want it because I'm going to deserve it. Believe me, dear, in this I know what is best—for both of us. We can get nothing we do not take. And we cannot take if we hesitate."

She looked up at him in the semidarkness, trying to read his face.

"But it's such a big step for a girl to take,

Claggett. And when she takes it, there's no going back. It just must be right."

"Yes, and will be. I haven't hurried you. Helen. I wanted you to think about it—carefully."

"But, don't you see, you're hurrying me now?"

"Only as to time; the rest of it's settled."

"But wouldn't it be better—safer—for us all

to go on together?"

"All the way to the city, you mean?"

"Perhaps," she answered uncertainly.

Putnam shook his head.

"This is our opportunity," he said firmly.

"We're not going to be cowards about it. It's a

chance that's made for us. Louis is a cripple;

there is no one else to interfere—no one who

even cares. Therese doesn't care. Why, she

hurts things. We could have her blessing,

for the asking."

The girl shivered.

"And what if we became lost?" she asked,

abruptly closing the conversation.

Putnam laughed.

"No danger of that," he said lightly. "Lost-

with a guide? Why, I believe I could find the

way out myself. And the rest will be as safe

as ourselves. Therese will have a guide to look

out for her, if she chooses to travel now. Miss

Reynolds seems to insist that she will stay with

Louis. An odd sort of fancy; but that's her own business. They're all making their own plans. Why not we?"

Helen lifted her head sharply and turned it.

"Hush!" she commanded.

Both paused, and Putnam looked down at her inquiringly.

"I heard some sort of noise," she whispered.

"Listen."

But there was no sound, save that of a low

murmur of little waves on the beach. The black

woods just behind them were tensely silent.

"It was nothing," he assured her.

"It sounded like a step, Claggett."

"Nonsense. Perhaps it was an animal, back

there in the woods."

S HE drew her sweater closer about her, as

though suddenly chilled.

"Let's go back, please," she urged.

"Surely you're not frightened?"

"Yes, a little."

"But I want my answer first, Helen."

She looked up at his appealingly. Putnam

straightened his hands and placed them on her shoulders.

"Come," he said gently, in that odd tone that

always swayed her. "Tell me you leave it all to me to trust me fully."

"You're very sure—you're?"

"Utterly."

"Of the happiness part of it?"

He shook her half playfully, then leaned for-

ward and kissed her forehead. It was cold as

ice.

Suddenly she started back from him.

"There!" she exclaimed, in a low tone. "I'm certain. Take me back, Claggett. I'm frightened."

"It was the wind in the trees," he told her.

"There is no wind."

"Of course, if you're absolutely

resolved to hear noises, I can't help it. We'll go,

anyhow—when you tell me you've decided."

She looked about her, quickly and uneasily,





